PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette

No. 54,845.—New Series.] BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK,
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. —12 P. M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
9th Oct.	EGYPT	7912	...	..
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
23rd "	ARABIA	7903	...	...
30th* "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
6th Nov.	OCEANA	6610	...	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	..
20th "	MALWA	10,883	...	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10,512
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	...	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
18th "	EGYPT	7912	...	...

* This Steamer will proceed via Malta to PLYMOUTH and LONDON. Passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at Port Said to the S. S. "INDIA."

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a. m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock p. m. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1910.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
19th Feby.	MANTUA	11000	...	...
26th "	CALEDONIA	7558	...	...
5th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
12th "	PERSIA	7951	...	...
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
* 23rd "	ARCADIA	7000	...	...
26th "	EGYPT	7912	...	...
2nd April.	MACEDONIA	10512	...	...
9th "	ARABIA	7903	...	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7558	...	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	7951	...	...

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
London by sea	Rs. 528 ,, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Date.
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne, R. N. R.	9th Oct. 1909.
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd Oct. 1909.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	10th Nov. 1909.
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	27th Nov. 1909.
MASSILLIA	5091	J. Thomson	5th Dec. 1909.
OLYMPIA	5194	A. Tait	21st Dec. 1909.
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne, R. N. R.	7th Jan. 1910.
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	19th Jan. 1910.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

The Advertised Rates to Portsaid include a Free Pass between Portsaid and Cairo.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS. A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DWARKA	1,695	Thur. 7th Oct.	9 a. m.	C. Mandvi
LHASA	2,671	Fri. 8th Oct.	6 a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 11th Oct.	11 a. m.	P.D. & O.M.*
MADURA	2,510	Mon. 11th Oct.	11 a. m.	V.M. & D.**

† Or later on arrival of the English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and C. Mandvie.
** Veraval, Mangrole and Dwarka.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 7th Oct. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LALPOORA," 3,269 tons, sailing on or about the 9th Oct.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 2,510 tons, on Monday, 11th Oct. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

5th October, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,635	Rebufat	28th Oct., 1909
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnan	25th Nov. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	20th Jan. 1910
NERA	5,538	Combin	17th Feb. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	8th Oct. 1909.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	5th Nov. "

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Act. Agent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct
FOR BRINDISI and VENICE
(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1909.
Dco. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Nov. 1909.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Dec. 1909.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 905 *	" 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The abovementioned fares by steamer D. Balduino and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February next:—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	Rs. 475	Rs. 712-8,
1st Class, Inside Cabin	Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge. The usual comfort will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be:—1st Class Rs. 703 and 2nd Class Rs. 524.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Oct. 1906,
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	15th Nov. 1909,
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Dec. 1909.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

D. OLIVA,
Ag. Agent.

No. 69 HORNBY ROAD.

COUTTS & CO., BOMBAY,

ENGAGE PASSAGES BY ALL LINES FREE OF CHARGE,

To EUROPE, AMERICA, AUSTRALIA, AFRICA, CHINA, JAPAN.

SLEEPING CAR & CONTINENTAL TICKETS PROCURED.

PASSAGES	booked well in advance to secure best and derirable berths.
PASSENGERS'	personal requirements looked after.
PASSENGERS	met on arrival and assisted.
PASSENGERS'	Baggage taken over, cleared or shipped.
PASSAGES	by cheap outside vessels advised when offering to registered addresses.

In view of the approaching Passenger season intending Passengers are strongly advised to register their application for Passages with us well in advance to save disappointments, as berths cannot be guaranteed later.

Any information as regards passages, shipping, clearing and forwarding given on application.

COUTTS & CO.,
SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
Post Box 249,
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold	$3,250,000'00
Reserved Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold	$3,631,273'75

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay. Calcutta. Hongkong. Canton. Manila. London. Cebu. Shanghai. Yokohama. Colon. Kobe. Empire. San Francisco. City of Mexico. Washington. Panama. Singapore. Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Shownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq., (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

RAJAH BAHADUR MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BRANCH OFFICE is now OPENED at MUMBADEVI.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

IN WATCHES

WE COMPETE FOR QUALITY NOT PRICE.

PLAIN OR COMPLICATED.

NICKEL, SILVER, GOLD.

Watch & Clock Catalogue on Application.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY & POONA.
Jewelers, Watchmakers and Clockmakers.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

BILLIARDS

THE NEW PATENT. Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous

SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.

It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

Now obtainable at

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles	Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles	Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD

For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

Full particulars and prices on application to

MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No. 838
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Kolar and Karachi.

Don't be Misled!

Cheap tyres are not good tyres.

DUNLOPS are advanced in price so that **QUALITY** may be maintained.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE CO., LTD.,
49, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

WRITE US FOR NEW MOTOR TYRE LIST AND "HINTS ON TYRES."

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - -

Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -

furnished on Application.

Hydraulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - -

manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for in any part of India.

We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to enable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -

Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards.
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.

'Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &C.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150°	FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE	FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE	FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN" KEROSINE	FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL	HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL	FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE"	FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street. BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the removal of the Electric Installation, Machinery and Plant, &c., of the "Bombay Gazette," Limited, from No. 2, Green Street, Fort, to Tamarind Lane, Fort. Intending Tenderers may inspect both these premises any day between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Tenders should be submitted as early as possible to The General Manager, The "Bombay Gazette," Limited, who reserves to himself the right to reject any Tender without assigning any cause.

RE LAKHMIDAS MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

In Liquidation.

THE OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR of the abovenamed Company will, with the consent of the Bank of Bombay, sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on SATURDAY next the 9th instant, at 4 P.M. at the Mill premises, the following goods. The goods will be open to inspection every day between 12 noon and 4 P.M.

The weights of the bales of YARN and COTTON which are entered in the books of the Company will be deemed final and conclusive and purchasers will not be entitled to have the goods reweighed or to claim compensation on the ground that the weights are less than those appearing in the books of the Company. The purchasers at the auction sale will be required to pay for the goods forthwith.

The cotton will be sold on the usual Colaba terms.

Particulars of the yarn, cotton, etc., held by the Bank of Bombay on account of Lakhmidas Khimji Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

Yarn Counts.	Bales.
6¼	38
6	15
10¼	1
12	168
14	25
16	3
20¼	22
2/14	24
20	36
2/16	47
2/20	16
22	8
Total	Bales...404

COTTON.
7 Bales.
MILL STORES
Coal about 1,600 tons.

R. D. SETHNA,
Liquidator.

BHAISHANKER KANGA AND GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for the Provisional Liquidator.

High Court,
Bombay, 4th October, 1909.

THE TRICUMDAS MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

(In Liquidation.)

THE UNDERSIGNED in consultation with Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal (Mortgagee) invites offers for the purchase of the Tricumdas Mills (including land, buildings, machinery, etc). In case he considers any offer to be fair and proper one he will lay it before the Court for sanction that it should be accepted. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Offers to be sent in Sealed Covers on or before Tuesday the 12th instant.

R. D. SETHNA,
Official Liquidator.

High Court, Bombay.
2nd October, 1909.

THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 624 of 1908.

SHIVNATH ASSAWA and Another ... Plaintiffs.
v/s.
BHAIDAS VALLABHDAS and Others .. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 28th day of June, 1909, the following immoveable property will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Acting Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of October, 1909, at the hour of half past three o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time.)

All that the right, title and interest of the Plaintiffs and of the 1st and 2nd Defendants Bhaidas Vallabhdas and Nagindas Vallabhdas in the undermentioned property, viz:—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land with the messuage and building erected thereon, situate at Walkeshwar in the Registration Sub-District of Bhuleshwar, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand six hundred and ninety-three square yards be the same, more or less, and bounded as follows:—On the North by the Harkness Hill Road, on the South partly by a public passage and partly by property of Jetha Doongersey, on the East by a public passage, and on the West by other property belonging to the estate of the said Calliandas Kirparam deceased, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Pension and Tax under Old No. 572, and New No. 2716, Old Survey No. 21 A, 2224, New Survey No. 7210, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Assessment under Ward D No. 3381, and Street No. 6.

SECONDLY.—All that piece of Government vacant land with the fruit and other trees growing and standing thereon and including the well thereon situate, lying and being at Malabar Hill without the Fort, on the North side of the Doongersey Road within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurment two thousand three hundred and thirteen square yards and seven-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, formerly forming a portion of a larger piece of vacant land admeasuring four thousand eight hundred and two square yards or thereabouts, belong to the said Chaturbhooj Govindjee, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North partly by the property of the said Bhaidas Vallabhadas and Nagindas Vallabhdas and partly by the property of the late Callaindas Kirparam, on or towards, the South and East by the said Doongersey Road and on or towards the West by a passage two feet in width, separating the said hereditaments and premises now in description from the remaining portion of the said vacant piece of land belonging to the said Chatoorbhuj Govindjee of which they formerly formed a part and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No D 2718, Old Survey No, 1-7255, and Registered in the Books of the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 3153 3158 and 3160, and Street Nos. 14, 22 and 24

THIRDLY.—All that vacant piece or parcel of land situate at Walkeshwar, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement thirty-eight square yards forty-three of a square yard, and bounded as follows:—On the North, South and East by other property of the said purchasers Bhaidas Vallabhdas and Nagindas Vallabhdas, and on the West by the property belonging to the estate of the said Calliandas Kirparam and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, and New No. 2716, Old Survey No, 41, A/24, A/23, and New Survey No. 7240, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Assessment under Ward D No. 3232, and Street No. D 8 and 10.

N.B.—The three plots above described now form one piece of land admeasuring 4,015 square yards or thereabouts, whereon is standing a bungalow with outhouses bearing Municipal D Ward Nos. 3231, 3232, 3153, 3258 and 3160, Street Nos. 6 D, 3, 10, 14, 22 and 24, and the said land and bungalow were till recently in the occupation of the tenants of the 1st and 2nd Defendants and are now vacant.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the said Acting Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. PESTANJEE RUSTIM, KOLA & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 26th day of August, 1909.

A. M. KAJIJI.
Acting Commissioner.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

RE-OPENING OF KHOPOLI BRANCH.

ON and from the 15th October, 1909, and until further notice, the KHOPOLI BRANCH will be RE-OPENED for all descriptions of Traffic.

For full particulars see the poster notices exhibited at Stations.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 4th October, 1909.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK END EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LONAVLA.

FROM 9th October, 1909, and until further notice, WEEK END EXPRESS TRAINS will RUN from BOMBAY to LONAVLA, on SATURDAYS, and return on MONDAYS unless otherwise notified.

For particulars apply to Enquiry Office, Victoria Terminus.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway.
Bombay, 5th October, 1909.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS for constructing 4 QUARTERS for married Officers, Ahmednagar, at estimated cost of Rs. 55,600, will be received by the Garrison Engineer, Ahmednagar, on 25th October. For particulars apply as above or to Asst. Commanding Royal Engineer, Poona.

A. H. D. RIACH, Major, R.E.,
Offg. Asst. Commanding Royal Engineer, Poona.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

POONA RACE SPECIALS.

OWING to the few Bookings, a combined First and Second Class Train will only be run from Bombay to Poona on the 9th, 11th, 16th, 18th and 23rd October, 1909, provided a sufficient number of Tickets has been registered the day before. The Train will leave Bombay at 11-15 O'clock arriving Poona at 14-35. The return Train will leave Poona at 19-15 and arrive Bombay at 23 hours.

2. A Restaurant Car will be attached in which Lunch and Dinner will be served at first class rates.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 5th October, 1909.

SIR JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY HOSPITAL.

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of HONORARY SURGEON to be FILLED up in November, 1909. Applications should be sent to the undersigned by the 15th October, 1909.

H.P. DIMMOCK, M.D., Lieut-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Senior Medical Officer,
J. J. Hospital.

NOTICE.

UNITED PROVINCES EXHIBITION ALLAHABAD 1910.

AN INDUSTRIAL and AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, on a scale commensurate with the importance of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, will be held in December, 1910, at Allahabad, for the display of machinery, new appliances and manufacturing processes.

The following will be the chief Courts:—

1. Agriculture.
2. Fine and applied Arts.
3. Textiles.
4. Wood, stone and metal.
5. General industries.
6. Engineering.
7. Education.
8. Forests.
9. Ladies' work
10. Amusements

The preliminary prospectus is now ready and can, with all other information, be obtained from

THE SECRETARY,
United Provinces Exhibition,
Allahabad.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

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FOR the G. I. P. Railway School at Bhusawal a MATHEMATICAL TEACHER on Rs. 40 per mensem with an Annual Bonus from Government Grant-in-Aid. Apply with full particulars of age, qualifications and copies of certificates to the SECRETARY, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.

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BY all means when you're thirsty, but don't drink inferior and cheap Whisky, as it is false economy.

Ask specially for
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FOR SALE.—VALUABLE PROPERTIES, situated at Colaba, Fort, Byculla, Grant Road, Parel, Worlee, Cumballa Hill, Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, Dadar, Mahim, &c., &c., and VACANT PLOTS at different localities. For further particulars apply to—

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KING'S
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ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

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FOR PLEASURE TRIPS to Elephanta Caves, Harbour Excursions, Towing, etc., always available a fast powerful STEAM LAUNCH. Apply, P. NASAR WANJI & Co., 9-10, Elphinstone Circle.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee," A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No 553, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

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KASHMIR APPLES and PEARS, 5½ seers V. P. Parcel for Rs. 3 only.—KASHMIR FRUITS Agency, Srinagar.

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MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer' Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

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OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 6 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

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PROGRAMME.

1. Organ Solo..Gebet from Lohengrin..Richard Wagner
2. Anthem ......Sweet is Thy Mercy...Barnby.

THE CHOIR—Soprano Solo—Mrs. Bailey.
Quartette—Mrs. Bingham.
Mrs. Dalgarno.
Mr. Harrison.
Revd J. Cameron.

3. Violin Solo...Romance from Concerto, Wienawski.
MR. ARNOLD SCHMUCK.
4. Vocal Trio ...Evening.....................Smart.
MRS. BAILEY, MRS. DALGARNO, MRS. CLIFFORD.
5. Organ Solo...Cavatina in G ....Newton.
6. Kyrie-Eleison.From Mass in D Minor..J. Schmuck.
THE CHOIR.
7. Song ....When I survey the wondrous Cross ....L. Hope.
MR. H. A. DENNIS.
8. Hymn.........No. 352.
9. Organ Solo...Priere ....Felix Borowski
10. Anthem......Children's Voices ......Claribel.
THE CHOIR—(Soprano Solo—Miss I. George).
11. Voluntary...Festal March ....Ella Moore Grieve.

Organist—MR. ARNOLD SCHMUCK.

During the singing of the Hymn a Collection will be made on behalf of the Church Improvement Fund.

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ECONOMICAL in up-keep.
PETROL consumption 25 miles to the gallon.
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LIGHT on tyres.
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Chassis has 4 speeds forward with reverse and is fitted with forced lubrication and all the most up-to-date improvements known in motor design.

PRICE—English list price plus cost of importation.

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THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LD.,

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18 H. P. REO CAR, 2 Cylinder, in good running order to seat 5, complete with hood, exceptionally complete set of tools and fittings and numerous spare parts including spare Cylinder, Pistons, Valves, &c., patent detachable rims to wheels which enable tyres to be easily and quickly changed.

Price complete with all tools and spare fittings, Rs. 2,250.

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	Rs.
DE DION.—6 H.P., 3 seats...	1,000
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All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

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They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chaffeurs a speciallity.

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CONGESTION OF TRAFFIC PREVENTED,
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PATENT
STEAM WAGON.

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MODERN TRACTION.

We will give actual tests under normal working conditions in Bombay to those interested in local transport methods of this celebrated Steam Wagon, a consignment of which arrives shortly.

We fully guarantee the "Yorkshire" Patent STEAM WAGON and will practically demonstrate its efficiency and economy over existing systems.

Expert advice to intending purchasers free. Trained and qualified drivers supplied to clients.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£1,800,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.........	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND.........	£ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

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Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden (Steamer Point.)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
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FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

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DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive, same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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J. BLACK,
BOMBAY Ag. Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..........................	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 350,000

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The London Joint Stock Bank.

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

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JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

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BRANCHES:—Bombay and Lyallpur.

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SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS are opened with Rs. 10, and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum, except at Bombay where it is 4 per cent. per annum.

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RULES of Business may be had on application at the Head Office or at any of the Branch Offices.

AHMAD HASSAN,
Barrister-at-Law,
Managing Director.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ....Yen	24,000,000
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LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

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DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Property at Babula Tank Road, now in the occupation of Sir Adamji Peerbhoy as a tenant of His Highness the Agha Khan and used by him as a tent-factory.

Under instructions from H.H. the Agakhan, as the representative of the mortgagee, the undermentioned property will be put up for sale by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT & Co., on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of Dorabji Pestonji Patel, the mortgagor, at the premises, at Babula Tank, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of October, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
Babula Tank Property.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax ground with the dwellinghouse and premises standing thereon, situate lying and being at or on Babula Tank Road in the registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 5,982 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 144, New No. 1327, Old Survey No. 2495, New Survey No. 3653, and bounded on the east by a public road called Babula Lane, on or towards the west by the Babula Tank, on or towards the north by the public road called Babula Tank Road, and on or towards the south by a house and premises of Mirza Mahomed Khan.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors for H. H. the Agakhan, at 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF PURE ENGLISH CUT EMERALDS, DIAMONDS AND RUBIES.

Under instructions from Shah Chuganlal Valchund and on account and risk of Shah Jethabhoy Javherchund Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 7th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) the following very valuable emeralds, diamonds and rubies:—

155 diamonds about 45 3-4 rati.
91 diamonds about 22 rati
51 diamonds about 18 1-4 rati.
One rose diamond ring about 3 1-4 rati.
One diamond ring about 2 1-4 rati.
One pair diamond "booti" about 3½ rati.
Five diamond buttons about 4 1-4 rati.
One collar button about 1 1-4 rati.
One diamond ear-ring consisting of about 22 diamonds.
One pair ruby "booti" consisting of about 2 rubies and 18 diamonds.
One ruby rose consisting of 9 diamonds and 1 ruby about 2 rati.
Espinal rose consisting of 11 diamonds,
Ruby rose consisting of 1 ruby and 13 diamonds.
Ruby rose consisting of 1 ruby and 20 diamonds.
One diamond about 1½ rati.
One ruby about 2½ rati.
One ruby about 1½ rati.
Two bangles of blue stone about 4½ rati.
46 rubies.
One ruby rose consisting of 11 diamonds.
Two "Cos Vala" of immitation rubies and three "Tavdas," etc.

The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable furnished Bungalows known as "Mahableshwar Hotel," at Mahableshwar.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors to His Highness Sir Sultan Mahumadshah Agakhan, G. C. I. E., the undermentioned property will be put up for sale by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT & Co, at their Rooms, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of October, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
Mahableshwar Property.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground bearing Survey No. 22, with the messuages, tenements, dwelling-houses, bungalows, furniture, outhouses and stables, on the Mahableshwar Hills, in the Registration Sub-District of Wai, Zillah Satara, and commonly known as the Mahableshwar Hotel or Longholm Lodge, and Longholm Hotel, and containing by admeasurement seven acres and thirty-four gunthas or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the property bearing No. 38, on the west by the property bearing No. 70, on the North by the property No. 83, and on the south by a public road.

The furniture will be sold with the bungalow.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, at 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 roan waler mare, 6 years old, goes well in harness, and a set of English-made harness to match.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to Sell by Public Auction, at Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and covered household furniture, best plated ware, glass and crockery ware, a handsome ebonized semi-grand piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne Stuttgart, rich cabinets, chesterfield sofas and chairs, wall and hall lamps, Jost's Radio fans, rich Persian carpets, cosy corners, rich water colours, fancy ornaments, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, chest of drawers, teapoys, easy chairs, office tables, large partition screen, bicycle, beaded door chicks, rich curtains, matting, utensils, etc., etc., the property of W. D. Shephard, Esq., I.C.S., Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 6th October, 1909.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

STEEL SPLIT PULLEYS.

LIGHT
CHEAP
DURABLE.
All sizes, widths and bores.

W. CROWDER & CO., LTD.
Apollo Street,
Hummum Street, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No. 85, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—
Building Street No. 64-66,
Case No. 480, Nowrojee Hill.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with Section Nos. 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act IX, of 1890. Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 9th October, 1909, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Company's stables.

A quantity of valuables and unclaimed booked and unbooked articles and cotton pickings.

A descriptive list of the booked articles can be seen at any station on the broad-guage section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT NEW MEMONWADA ROAD.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 398 of 1908.

Amoobai, widow of Cassum Laloo, of Bombay, Gowli, Mahomedan, Inhabitant, residing at Memonwada, without the Fort of Bombay........................Plaintiff.

vs.

1. Jumibai, widow of Ebrahim Cassum; 2. Ahmed Ebrahim; 3. Abdool Razak Ebrahim; and 4. Khatoobai, daughter of Ebrahim Cassum, the last three being minors under the age of 18 years by their guardian ad litem, residing together at Memonwada, without the Fort.......................... Defendants.

Pursuant to the Consent Decree made by the High Court in the above suit on the 26th day of February, 1909, the consent order made on the 19th day of July, 1909, varying the said decree and under instructions from Messrs. Jamsedjee Rustomjee and Davidas, attorneys for N. Convay, Esq., Receiver appointed by the said consent order, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 13th October 1909, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land of ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate lying and being at New Memonwada Road outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 146 Square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 673 and Street No. 208-12 and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the South by the house of Cassum Hajee Alli, on or towards the East by Memonwada Road and on or towards the North by Memonwada Road and on or towards the West by Sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Jamsedjee Rustomjee and Devidas, Solicitors to the abovenamed Receiver at their Office No. 5 Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 6th October, 1909.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
21 MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE of 2900 bags Rapeseed, Linseed, and Sesamum and 136 bags Gunny Bags.

Messrs. SORABJI CAWASJI and Co. will, by order of the mortgagee Seth Jobarmul Mulchand and on account and at the risk of C. J. Demtrocopula, the mortgagor, sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY the 8th day of October, 1909, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the go-down at Poona Street, opposite the Prince's Docks, the following:—

530 bags	rapeseed		
29 bags	do.	yellow.	
223 bags	do.	red.	
128 bags	linseed		
98 bags	poppyseed	white	
4 bags	do		
607 bags	do	white	
216 bags	sesamum	(Kabra)	
38 bags	do	red	Jabalpore
40 bags	do	red	Khandwa
128 bags	do	red	
272 bags	do	red	Kathiawad
322 bags	do		Khandesh
191 bags	do	black	Cawnpore
136 bales and each 300 gunny bags.			

A deposit of Rs. 300 per every 100 bags and the balance shall be paid and goods weighed and cleared at the expense of the purchaser within seven days from the day of Sale.

Goods are on view.

Further particulars and conditions of Sale may be obtained from Messrs. Madhawji Kamdar and Chotubhai, attorneys of the mortgagor at their office at Esplanade Road.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN PROPERTIES.

Sale of Valuable Vacant and Hilly Pieces of land at Worli, out of Fort.
Bombay.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 397 of 1902.

Ramchunder Waman...............Plaintiff.
vs.
Vasoodeo Waman and others......Defendants.

Under instructions from and by order of R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in the above Suit and pursuant to the directions contained in the decree made in the above Suit on the 26th day of March, 1909, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction, the undermentioned immoveable properties on MONDAY, the 11th day of October, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) All the properties will be sold in one lot and the sale will be held at the lot No. 1 property:—

Lot No.	Sq. yds.	Collected No.	Survey No.
1	1,390	12,137	23,059
2	925		1/3196
3	106	12,191	5/3097
4	1,651	12,783 and 12,199	1/3098
5	2,011	12,095 and 12,797	2/3100 6/3101
6	1,071		6/3161
7	719	12,191	6/3101
8	735	12,095	4 7/3108
9	2,105	12,225	3/3120
10	925	12,224	3/3309
11	3,633		1/3313
12	1,316		2/3307
13	2,878		1/3332
14	2,500		3,334

22,464 Square yards in all.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys at the Receiver or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th October, 1909.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 553 care of the "Bombay Gazette."

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 1, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Hosiery, Milnery, Silk Plush, Tasa Cloth, etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 696 and 697 of 1909 (Esmal Jacob vs. Baji Abdula and others), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th October, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at Chuckla, Street, near Jakeria, Musjid, the following:—

Hosiery, corsets, lady's hats, silk reels, linen and water-proof collars, woollen and cotton stockings, lady's open worked lace stockings, fancy dress trimming, lady's woollen shawls, silk ribbons, suiting Tasa cloth, coloured velvetin, silk plush lace, window curtain, crape, fancy milnery, etc.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit buyers.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Landed Properties at Mazagon near the Mazagon Bridge, known as Hamilton Hotel Estate.

HIGH COURT, O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 437 of 1909.

The Firm of Vassonji Tricumji & Co ....Plaintiffs

vs.

Ismailbhoy Shivjee and others .... Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. R. D. Sethna, Fazalbhoy Meherally Chinoy and Mathuradas Goculdas, the Receivers appointed by the Order of this Honourable Court, in the above Suit, on the 17th day of June, 1909, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, the following very valuable landed properties on the days and at the time and place mentioned below :—

Lot No. 1.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th October, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

Particulars.—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, dwellinghouse and bungalow, standing thereon, situate lying and being at Mazagon Road, out of the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1804 square yards or thereabouts, forming a portion of a big plot of land, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 18, New No. 16244, Old Survey No. 8, and New Survey No. 2/3604, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, under Ward E. No. 4791, and Street No. 14 and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the east partly by Lot No. 6 and partly by Lot No. 7, on or towards the west partly by the Mazagon and partly by the Waribunder Road, on or towards the north by passage of Lot No. 6, and beyond that by Lot No. 2, and on or towards the south by the Waribundar Road, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the late Mr. Ebrahimbhoy Hassam and marked as Plot No. 1 on the plan.

Lot No. 2, on the same day,

Particulars.—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement and dwellinghouse or bungalow, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mazagon Road, outside the Fort, in the Registration sub district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2834 square yards or thereabouts, forming portion of a big plot of land, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 18, New No. 16,244, Old Survey No 8, and New Survey No. 2-3604, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 4790, and Street No. 18, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the east by Lot No. 6, on or towards the west by the Mazagon Road aforesaid, on or towards the north by Lot No. 3, and on or towards the south by Lot No. 6, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in occupation of tenants of the late Mr. Ebrahimbhoy Hassam, deceased, and marked plo No. 2 on the plan.

Lot No. 3, on the same day.

Particulars.—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements and dwellinghouses or bunglows, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mazagaon Road, outside the Fort, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8008 square yards or thereabouts, forming portion of a big plot of land, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 18, New No. 16,244, Old Survey No. 8, and New Survey No. 2/3604, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, under E. Ward Nos. 4792, 4799, and Street Nos. 15, 22, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east partly by Lot No. 5, and partly by Lot No. 7, on or towards the West by the Mazagaon Road aforesaid, on or towards the north by the passage of Lot No. 5, and beyond that by Lot 4, on or towards the south partly by Lot No. 2 and partly by Lot No. 6 and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the late Ebrahimbhoy Hassam and marked No. 3 on the plan.

Lot No. 4, on the same day.

Particulars.—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements, and dwellinghouses or bungalow, standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mazagaon Road, out of the Fort, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4015 square yards or thereabouts, forming portion of a big plot of land, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 18, and New No. 16244, Old Survey No. 8, and New Survey No. 2/3604 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 4,800, and Street No. 28, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the east by Lot No. 9, on or towards the west by the Mazagaon Road aforsaid, on or towards the north by the property of the Methodist Episcopal Mission, on or towards the south by Lot No. 5, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the late Mr. Ebrahimbhoy Hassam, and marked Plot No. 4 on the plan.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram and Madan, Solicitors and the Attorneys for the Receivers, at their Office in Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property at the Junction of Bhaji Pala Road and Baloo Serang Street, near Crawford Market.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Fatmabai, daughter of Hussonally Esubji, by her legal guardian Mohorambai, widow of Hussonally Esubji, under the power of sale reserved to the mortgagees in an Indenture of mortgage, dated the 30th August, 1907, on SATURDAY, the 9th October, 1909 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises.

Description.—All that piece or parcel of fazendari land, the fazendari whereof belongs to Bhora Shamsoodin Tyaballi, with all the messuages, tenement, chawl or range of buildings, standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, at the Junction of Bhaji Pala Road and Baloo Serang Street, and which range or chawl is assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under No. 21, but now under No. 22, containing by admeasurement in breadth 39 feet and in length 27 feet or thereabouts, and is bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east by Baloo Serang Street, on or towards the west by a chawl or range of building belonging to Borah Hussanalli Cassumji Nulwala, on or towards the north by Bhaji Pala Street, and on or towards the south by the house of Borah Hassanalli Cassumji Chahiwala.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagees, at their office in Church Gate Street or to the Undersigned

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AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property at 1st Bhatwadi Lane, Girgaon, near Mr. Cumoo Jaffar Sulliman's Stables.

H. C. Suit No. 624 of 1904,

Purshotam Harischundra,

vs.

Narayen Harischundra,

At the request of Mr. Balkrishna Harischundra Rane, the Special Commissioner, appointed in the above Suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 10th October, 1909, at 5 p. m. (S. T.) with the consent of the parties to the said Suit, who are the only persons interested in the said property, the following landed property on the premises.

Particulars.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at 1st Bhatwadi Lane, in the City of Bombay, together with the messuages, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 212 square yards or thereabouts, and situated within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 267,267,267, New No. 1847,1848,1854, Old Survey No. 3547,574,547, New Survey No. 7891, 7891, and 7892 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward D. Ward No. 362, Street No. 15, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Janardhan Krishnaji, on or towards the South by the property of Gajanand Narayen, on or towards the West by the property of Rajaram Shankar Masorker, and on or towards the east by the property of Janardhan Krishnaji Warliker.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Mulji and Khambata, Solicitors, for the special Commissioner at their office in Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 6th October, 1909.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 4TH OCT. 09.] [BOMBAY, 5TH OCT. 09.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols... ...	83 1/8	un chgd	
3 do. Rentes	97 1/2	un chgd	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	98 1/16	5/16	
3½ do. Govt Securities...	63		1/16
*Bar Silver in London	23 11/16		1/16
do. do. 2 months' hence	23 11/16		1/16
Silver in New York ...	51 1/4		1/8
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·13	1/2	
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·41 1/2	un chgd	
do. do. do. New York.	4·85 7/8	un chgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate.	2 1/2	Since 1st April.	
do Short London Bills 3 months' sight.	2 1/4	un chgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	2 1/2	un chgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 5/8	un chgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	3 1/8	un chgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	7/8	un chgd	
do. 7-day Market Loans...	1	un chgd	
Bar Gold (per oz.)...............	77/10 5/8		3/4

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England £325,000 for Egypt.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate), 1s. 3 7-8d. unchgd.

*Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—

Spots	...Fair demand, Easier
Futures	...Feverish.
East Indian	.. Quiet.
Manchester	... Steady.
Total Sales	10,000 bales*
Sold on Speculation and for Export	......
Imports	...4,000 "
Mid-Americans	... 7·28—07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	10 3-16 unchgd.

*Called 2,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
7·03	7·00	7·00	7·00
—02	—01	—01	unchgd.

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
6·99	6·99	6·99	6·99	6·99
—01	unchgd.	unchgd.	unchgd.	+01

New York:—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	...	59,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ...	...	52,000 "
Exports to Great Britain	...	7,000 "
Do to Continent ...	...	25,000 "

Spot Cotton—13·60 unchgd.

Futures—Month of Dec. 13·35 unched.

Do, do. March 13·41+01

Advanced early on bullish Government Ginners' report and declined later owing to longs unloading.

New Orleans:—

Spot Cotton—13 3-16 unchgd.

Futures—Month of Dec. 13·20—02

Do. do. Mar. 13·30—02

Closing Tone of Spots—Quiet,

Washington, Oct. 4.

The United States Census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned upto 25th September as 2,563,000 bales.

The United States Department of Agriculture in its monthly Report on the Cotton Crop states that the average condition of the crop is 58·5 per cent.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, C.I.F.—39 3-4—Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Done.

Tone of Wheat.—Firm.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian.—37 1-4 Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—

Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—45 Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp—Sellers.

Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship 43 1-2 Oct.-Nov.—Hamburg—Sellers.

Brown Cawnpore 41 1-2—Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp—Sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet but Steady.

Linseed :—

Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship 50 7-8 Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp—Done.

Tone of Linseed.—Firm.

Linseed Argentine La Plata 48 3-4—Oct.-Nov.—Dunkirk—Value.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE :—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 7 1-4 unchgd.

Rubber :—

Para Rubber, 8s. 2d.—Nominal.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [5TH OCT. 1909

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	Rs. 1,51,680	Freemantle	National Bank
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	1,51,593	Freemantle	Chartered Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 2nd & 3rd October, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway......	39	46,100
B. B. & C. I. Railway	44	51,408

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

October 5th 1909.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	83	27	2
B	90	63	4
C	86	74	4
D	77	35	2
E	79	30	1
F	137	10	0
G	54	37	0
Total to date...	729	290	13
Total rats killed..........................			1,013

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England... 2½ per cent. from 1st April.
Bank of Bengal ... 4 per cent. " 30th Sept.
Bank of Bombay... 3 per cent. " 15th July.
Bank of Madras ... 4 per cent. " 20th July.

Money :—

The cash balance of the Bank of Madras is Rs. 22 1-4 lakhs down. No change has been made in its official rate of interest.

Exchange :—

The Exchange market is firm. Rates are 1s. 4d. for Telegraphic Transfers as well as Bank Demand, and 1s. 4 3-16d. for 3 months' sight Credit Bills. Far Eastern quotations have declined as under in sympathy with the drop in Silver.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	1s. 4d.
Credits—3 months' sight	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do 6 months' sight ...	1s. 4 5-16d.
Do 3 months' sight—Francs	169 1-2
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	138 1-2
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	129 1-2
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 1-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	173

Government Paper :—

This market opened at 94 3-8 for the Settlement on 2nd November, and was unchanged thereat throughout the day. Cash Paper kept in demand at 3-16 per cent. premium. A trifling business has been transacted to-day. The Calcutta rates were reported as 94 1-2 and 94 3-8, respectively, for ready and one month's forward delivery.

We quote :—

Cash ... Rs. 94-9
1st Settlement ... " 94-8 } Quiet.

Bullion :—

Reuter reports a decline of 1-16d. in the London Silver market, the rate now being 23 11-16 for both ready and 2 months' forward delivery. There were advices that a very small business was done and that the market closed quiet but steady. The New York price gave way 1-8 cent. at 51 1-4. Our local market opened at 60-2, ex-duty, for November settlement and rapidly advanced to 60-6, at which there were sellers at the close. The December settlement kept 2 annas higher. Ready Bars were sold at 3 annas lower than the rate ruling for November. A large business was done to-day.

Bar Gold prices are as under :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	3	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	2	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	7	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	1	3
Silver ex Duty—Ready	60	3	0a
Ditto 1st Settlement	60	6	0a
Ditto 2nd Settlement	60	8	0a

a Sellers.

COTTON.

Market Report —

The average condition given in the Bureau Report to hand this morning, viz: 58·5 per cent. is about what was anticipated, and so far the effect on the Home markets has been nil, though the Liverpool opener this evening is easier. The Ginners' Report is no guide to the ultimate outturn of the American crop, but merely indicates an early crop, which the present heavy receipts confirm. A reaction after the late rise may now be looked for.

Our market opened quiet with prices about Re. 1 lower than yesterday's closing rates. The demand was however small and under the influence of free offerings prices quickly gave way. A small business was done at Colaba, and at the close the market is weak with sellers at our quotations, but little enquiry

QUOTATIONS :—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	...290	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach ...	...272 1-2	" "
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti	...262	Jan. 1910
Fine M.G. Damangaum-Pulgaon	254	" "
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola	...248	" "
Fine M. G. Amraoti ...	...248	" "
Fine M. G. Muttia ...	...237	" "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	...228	" "
Fine. M. G. Khandeish ...	...237	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...223	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...233	Dec. 1909
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...238	Nov. 1909
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	...209	Jan. 1910
Good Westerns ...	...261	Apl-May "
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...274	" "

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone ... . Easier.
Estimated Sales ... ... 12,000 bales.
Total Imports ... ... 15,000 "

Future Delivery Prices :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·97	6·93	6·93	6·93
—06	—07	—07	—07

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
6·92	6·93	6·93	6·93	6·93
—07	—06	—06	—05	—06

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed :—

The market is steadier for ready and business is doing as under:—

Ready ... ... Rs. 8 10 6 R. T.
Oct. ... ... " 9 0 6. "
April-May ... " 8 5 6 "

RAPESEED :—

The market is quiet with little doing.

We quote:—

Ready Brown Cawnpore...Rs. 6 11 0 B. T.
Ready Yellow ... " 7 5 0 "
Ready Yellow Gujarat ... " 7 2 0 "
Brown Delhi, ... " 7 1 6 R. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 41 8 0
White Khandeish... ... " 46 0 0
" Secunderabad ... " 40 8 0
Tone—Quiet.

Poppyseed. —

October, ... Rs. 9 8 0 R. T.
Tone—Steady.

Castorseed :—

Ready ... ... Rs. 31 8 0
October ... ... " 8 3 0 R. T.
Apl.-May ... ... " 6 1 0 "
Tone—Firmer,

Cottonseed :—

Ready ... ... Rs. 23 0 0
Dec.-Jan. ... ... " 22 4 0
Tone—Quiet

GROUNDNUTS :—

Jan.-Feb.... ... ...Rs. 36 0 0
Tone—Steady.

Mowraseed :—

October-Nov. ... ... Rs. 5 14 6 R. T.
Tone—Easier,

WHEAT:—

The market is quiet with little doing and we quote:—

White Delhi, Oct. ... ... Rs. 5 14 0 R.T
White-Delhi, April-May ... " 5 4 0 "
Soft Red... ... " 36 8 0 "

YARNS.

The market is steady and a fair business has been done in 10s. and 20s. at 6 2-16 and 7 annas respectively for forward delivery.

Weekly sales from Shanghai... 2,500 Bales.
Unsold stock at Shanghai ... 50,000 "

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—	
Bombay	1,477 1-2
India	66
Indian Specie	52
Bank of Burma	113
Mills :—	
Crescent	90
David	406 1-4
Kohinoor...	720
Manockji Petit	3,380
Standard	1,105
Presses :—	
New Mofussil	775
Volkart's United...	595
Miscellaneous:—	
Alcock Ashdown & Co	285
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary	100
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Preference	149 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,115
Delhi Flour Mill	118 X. D.
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	14
Railways.—	
Ahmedabad-Prantej	650
Tapti-Valley	432 1-2

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	2,033	bales.
Wheat	9,387	cwts.
Linseed	2,486	"
Rapeseed	6,316	"
Gingellyseed	3,179	"
Poppyseed...	1,778	"
Groundnuts	113	"
Castorseed	4,884	"
Rice	2,134	"
Myrabollams	340	"
Cottonseed	2,793	"
Mowraseed...	1,378	"
Gram	4,869	"
Jowar	26	"
Maize	354	"

INDIAN GOLD MINE RETURNS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, OCTOBER, 5.

The following are the Indian Gold Mines returns for last month :—

Mysore West.—2,496 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 173 ozs. of gold compared with 156 ozs. in August.

Balaghat.—3,100 tons of ore, crushed, yielded 1,433 ozs. of gold ; 4,550 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 181 ozs. making a total yield of 1,615 ozs. compared with 1,628 ozs. in August and 1,664ozs. in July.

Nundydroog.—8,300 tons of ore, crushed, yielded 6,823 ozs of gold; 7,290 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 701 ozs. making a total yield of 7,524 ozs. compared with 7,512 ozs. in August and 7,372 ozs. in July.

Champion Reef.—14,649 tons of ore, crushed, yielded 7,308 ozs. of gold; 21,695 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 2,253 ozs. making a total yield of 9,561 ozs. compared with 9,552 ozs. in August and 9,553 ozs in July.

Mysore.—19,500 tons of ore, crushed, yielded 16,842 ozs. of gold; 18,658 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 2,114 ozs. making a total yield of 18,956 ozs. compared with 19,004 ozs. in August and 19,039 ozs in July.

Ooregaum.—10,520 tons of ore, crushed, yielded 6,319 ozs. of gold; 9,603 tons of tailings, cyanided, yielded 993 ozs; slimes treated by the Ridgway process, 1,203 tons, obtained 45 ozs. making a total yield of 7,357 ozs. compared with 7,310 ozs. in August and 7,304 ozs. in July.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAL NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

PADSHAH—October 5, at his residence, Navsari Chambers, Hornby Row, Mr. P. J. Padshah (Bar-at-Law). Funeral leaves this (Wednesday) morning at 8-30 (S. T)

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

RENWICK—September 23, at the Eden Sanitarium, Darjiling, the wife of W. Barr Renwick, of Kushtia, of a son.

DEATH.

McNAUGHT—September 28, at Nowgong, Assam, Dr. James McNaught, retired Civil Surgeon, in his sixty-sixth year.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 347.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 31m. Sun sets 6h. 24m. High water 4·43m.; 4·22a. Low water 11·7m. 10·34a.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, Marine lines ground, 5-20, p. m.

Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m.

Maxim : "Buy what you do not want and you will sell what you cannot spare.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, October 7.—Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m. Y. M. C. A. Open Air Entertainment, 9-15 p.m. Y. M. C. A. Popular Open Air Entertainment, 9-15 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 31m., Sun sets. 6h. 28m., High water, 6-13m., 5-55a.; Low water, 1-1a.

Friday, October 8.—English mail due to arrive. Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p.m. Sun rises 6h. 31m. Sun sets 6h. 22m. High water 7-45m. 7-46a., Low water 0-14m. 2-20a.

Saturday, October 9.—Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company General Meeting, Bank Street, 3-30 p. m. Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m. Popular Lantern Lecture "An Evening with Mars" by Mr. J. D. Bharda, B.A., at the Y. M. C. A. Sun rises 6h. 31m. Sun sets, 6h. 21m. High water 8-49m. 8-56a., Low water 1-40m. 3-9a.

Sunday, October 10.—18th Sunday after Trinity. Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m. Sun rises 6h. 31m. Sun sets 6h. 21m. High water 9-34m. 9-42a.; Low water 2-39m. 3-41a.

MAHIM DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of September in the Mahim Dispensary was 1,723, classified as follows :—Males, 723 ; females, 454 ; and children, 546. The daily average being 57.4 and the prevailing diseases being malarial fevers, bronchitis and itch.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of September was 612 of whom 431 were males and 131 females.

TELEPHONE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND POONA.—Telephonic communication has been established between the Bombay Secretariat and the Poona Council Hall, which is over a distance of 120 miles. This Telephone has at present been reserved for the use of Government only.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—Mr. Valabhdas Nagindas, a Hindu residing on the third floor of a house in Dadyseth Lane noticed smoke issuing from a room on the first floor. He went downstairs and knocked at the door, but on receiving no reply, he opened it and found some clothes aflame in an open steel trunk. With the assistance of others he extinguished the flames. A half smocked bidee was found near some clothes. One Dasrath Teedat, a Bengalee diamond setter, who lived in the room, had left for Calcutta in the afternoon.

THE ADMINISTRATOR OF PORBUNDER IN BOMBAY. —In Mr. Dharamsey Morarji Goculdas's bungalow in Girgaum Back Road, known as Chinnee Baug, the Administrator of Porebunder. Mr. Valla Vajsoor Vallera, gave an evening party to which many well-known merchants of Porebunder, now residing in Bombay, were invited. Mr. Virji Kanji Liiladhur. Mr. Culliandji Chutturbhooj, Mr. Gondhan Bhimji, Mr. Jivandas Pitamber, and others draw the Administrator's attention to several matters affecting the welfare of Porebunder, The Administrator promised to do his best; and after the presentation of flowers, the proceedings closed with light refreshments. The Administrator has since left for Poona.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, in the Trustees' Offices. Mr. J. P. Orr, I.C.S., presiding

THE AGRA-BOMBAY ROAD.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Agent, G. I. P. Railway, in the matter of diverting the Agra-Bombay Road between Kurla and Sion.

The Board resolved that the Trustees could not undertake to bear any cost of widening the Sion Bridge, but in other respects the Board is agreeable to the views expressed in the letter.

DEVELOPMENT OF BOMBAY.

The chairman submitted a draft resolution on the Government resolution regarding the development of the City and the improvement of communications in the Island.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla it was resolved to postpone consideration of the matter as he suggested that he hoped to draft an amendment which would compromise the divergent views of the Board and bring about a unanimous opinion of the Trustees.

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SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS :
EMPIRE TRADING CO.,
BOMBAY.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

SALE OF PROPERTY IMPUGNED.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Batchelor.

SITTABAI, WIDOW, VS. ANANDRAO BHAI AND OTHERS.

For the defendant-appellant, Sittabai :—Mr. Weldon and Mr. Bhatt instructed by Messrs. Shamrao, Minocher and Hiralal.

For the plaintiff-respondent, Anandrao :—Mr. Vicaji F. Taraporewalla, with the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer.

This was an appeal from the decision of Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, who had in November last, passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff with costs against the first defendant, declaring that the sale of the plaintiff's property which the second defendant had purported to make to the first defendant was not a valid sale and was not binding on the plaintiff.

It appeared that one Raghunath Patell of Bombay died many years ago leaving him surviving three sons, Madhowji, Maneckji and Krishnaji. Madhowji had a son named Keshow. Maneckji had one son named Gunpat, and Krishnaji had two sons named Ramchandra and Succaram. Ragunathji left certain immoveable properties in Bombay. In 1870, Madhowji, Ganpat Maneckji and their uncle Krishnaji, partitioned the family properties amongst themselves. The immoveable property with which the Court was concerned was situated at Gorrupdeo. On partition its survey number was sub-divided. Krishnaji's two sons, Rumchundra and Succaram after Krishnaji's death became insolvents and the two plots which they had inherited from their father became vested in the Official Assignee. Subsequently, that plot measuring about 560 square yards, was transferred to the name of Gunpat, Maneckji and stood in his name in the Collector's books from 3rd November 1891. The other plot was also purchased by Gunpat Maneckji directly from the official assignee and since 13th November 1884 it had stood in his name in the Collector's books. This plot measured 1,572 square yards. Keshowji Madhowji sold his plot also to Gunpat on 16th September 1873. This plot consisted of 664 square yards. Accordingly the property which was partitioned in 1870 all went to Gunpat before his death. Ganpat had only one son named Bhai with whom he was joint in food, estate and worship, and who lived with him in the family house. Bhai turned out to be a drunkard and a spendthrit and he filed his petition in insolvency on 16th July 1884. His father Gunpat settled with his creditors and Bhai withdrew his petition on 17th January 1889. On 17th August 1889 Gunpat paid off Bhai's share in the ancestral property and obtained a release from him. At the date of the release Bhai had two sons, Dinkar and Anandrao. Anandrao was the plaintiff in the suit and was born on 27th August 1888. Gunpat died on 8th August 1896 leaving surviving him his widow Bhagirthibai his son Bhai from whom he had obtained a release and his two grandsons, Dinkar and Anandrao. Dinkar and Anandrao were minors when Ganpat died. Bhai died on 12th September 1898. Dinkar died in October 1904 and Anandrao was now the sole male member of Ganpat's branch. Bhagirthibai after she obtained Letters of Administration of her husband's estate, on the assumption that the release given by Bhai operated to exclude his sons from any interest in their grand-father's property, began dealing with the family property in the most reckless manner. Mathurabai, the mother of the infants, Dinkar and Anandrao got alarmed at the way Bhagirthibai was dealing with the property. She thereupon consulted one Dadabhoy Narayen Dhume who was a managing clerk in the firm of Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Noble and who had been known to Mathurabai and her family for a great number of years. Dadabhoy introduced the elder boy not to Messrs Smetham, Byrne and Noble, the firm of Solicitors, he was serving, but to Mr. Laud who had been an articled clerk there and who was then a member of the firm of Messrs. Khunderao Shripad and Laud. Mr. Laud took search in the Official Assignee office and made notes of his search. He carried on some correspondence with the Official Assignee under instructions received from Dadabhoy. It appeared that Bhai had twice become insolvent by 22nd June, 1895. Mr. Laud was instructed to file a suit against Bhagirthibai but before he could or did so Dinker died. After Dinker's death Dadabhoy took away from Mr. Laud his notes of the different searches he had taken. In December 1904 or January 1905 while Dadabhoy was still a clerk in the office of Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Noble, he approached Mr. Vaidya of Messrs. Captain and Vaidya and gave instructions for filing a suit on behalf of Anandrao against Bhagirthibai. All the instructions were given by Mr. Dadabhoy to Mr. Vaidya. In that suit the plaintiff was declared to be the owner of all the property. The plaintiff had stated that as soon as Mathurabai went to Dadabhoy and placed the affairs of her two sons before him, Dadabhoy conceived a project of enriching himself and carried out a subtle fraud which culminated in his obtaining the sale of a piece of land to the defendant, Sittabai, for an inadequate price and he thereby made a secret profit for himself. Dadabhoy died in February or March 1908. Mr. Laud, when questioned about his (Dadabhoy's) character had said that in dealing with his clients he could not say he (Dadabhoy) was straight. He had made money for himself in cases which he was managing.

His Lordship, Mr. Justice Davar, had said in his judgment that this was the man who had played by far the most important part in the events which eventually culminated in the sale of portion of the plaintiff's property to the defendant, Sittabai, and which sale was impugned in this suit as fraudulent. In conclusion, his Lordship held the sale of that portion of the plaintiff's property to be invalid and set it aside.

Arguments of counsel were heard during the course of the day.

LEASE OF WATSON'S ANNEXE. HOTEL.

Before Mr. Justice Beaman.

MIRZA ABBAS ALI BAIG VS. SYED SARDAR ALI KHAN.

For the Plaintiff :—Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, with Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya.

For the Defendant :—Mr. Shortt and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co.

In this suit the plaintiff prayed that it might be declared that the sum of Rs. 18,666 deposited with the defendant had been validly assigned to the plaintiff, and the plaintiff was entitled to the said sum by way of repayment in part of the sum of Rs. 20,800 due to him by one Ruttonji Sorabji Munshi, with further interest at 6 per cent ; also that, if necessary, an account might be taken of the moneys deposited with the defendant by Ruttonji Sorabji Munshi, and of what amounts the defendant was entitled to deduct therefrom, and of what sum was due to the plaintiff by Ruttonji Sorabji Munshi, etc.

The plaintiff stated, that by an agreement of lease made between Ruttonji Sorabji Munshi and the defendant, the former entered in possession of the Watson's Annexe Hotel and had from time to time deposited with the defendant Rs. 18,666 for the due performance of the lease. In September, 1906, plaintiff advanced to Ruttonji S. Munshi, Rs. 16,000, and two further sums of Rs. 1,600 and Rs. 800 on the security of money deposited by the said Munshi with the defendant. In terms of the agreement of his lease Ruttonji S. Munshi remained in possession under the lease in January, 1907, when defendant entered into possession under the provisions for re-entry. At the times of such re-entry Munshi had deposited with the defendant, Rs. 25,554. Plaintiff submitted that upon the defendant re-entering, the lease was terminated, and the defendant ceased to be entitled to the deposit monies. Plaintiff submitted that he was entitled to recover from the defendant the sum of Rs. 18,666.

The defendant, in his written statement, said that the total amount received from Munshi for payment of rent was Rs. 21,666. The defendant did not admit that the plaintiff was entitled to recover from him the sum of Rs. 18,666. He stated that the monies, over which the plaintiff claimed a lien in this suit were deposited with the defendant as security for the performance of the agreement entered into by him, and were to be retained by the defendant as such security until the termination of the lease. Munshi had failed to perform the agreement, and he had to re-enter into possession and neither Munshi nor the plaintiff as his assignee had any ground in law or equity to claim back from the defendant the said deposit or any part thereof. By reason of the failure of Munshi to perform the agreement, defendant was forced to make various payments on his behalf and incurred damages to the extent of Rs. 32,767, and defendant claimed to retain the whole of the money deposited with him against the amount so due from Munshi to him. He submitted that the plaintiff was not entitled to the relief claimed and that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The case is proceeding.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

THE DEFAMATION CASE.

His Worship delivered his decision in the case in which Mr. W. E. Waite, Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, charged Kaikobad Bejonji Sonawalla, formerly an employee in the Municipality, with defamation. Mr. B. Lang, Barrister-at-Law, instructed by Mr. Crawford, of Messrs. Crawford and Co., Solicitors, appeared for the complainant ; and Mr. Payne, of Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, with Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, Pleader, defended the accused.

His Worship, in giving his decision, said :— "An information was presented against the accused, who had been dismissed from Municipal service, charging him with defaming the complainant by means of a printed petition sent to the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation. On the case coming on for hearing in May last, the accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30. The accused is now charged that he, on or about the 9th day of June last, at Bombay, defamed the complainant by publishing concerning him the words and matters following 'Don't you know that fact that I was paid Rs. 5,000 for shutting my mouth and not making a defence ; Waite paid me Rs. 3,000 through his contractor Hassanally and Rs. 2,000 were to be paid by Acharya ;' intending to harm or knowing or having reason to believe that such imputation would harm the reputation of the said Wilfred Elias Waite. Secondly that he, in or about May 1909 at Bombay, defamed the complainant by publishing concerning him certain words and matters to the effect that the case brought against him by the said Wilfred Elias Waite had been settled for Rs. 2,000, intending to harm or knowing it to be likely that the said imputation would harm the reputation of the said Wilfred Elias Waite ; and thirdly that he, in or about May 1909 at Bombay, defamed the complainant by publishing concerning him the words and matters to the following effect ; 'What if I am fined Rs. 30 ? that is no loss to me because I earned Rs. 3,300; that amount was paid to me by a man of Mr. Waite,' intending to harm, or knowing, or having reason to believe, that such imputation would harm the reputation of the complainant and that he thereby committed offences punishable under Section 500, I. P. C. I convict the accused on the first and third charges. It is true as pointed out by Mr. Payne, that the evidence of publication on each charge rests on a single witness, (I. L. Modi died after this information was filed), but it is clear that if the principle were adopted that the fact of publication must be corroborated, persons would be able to defame each other with impunity provided they did so in the absence of a witness. The evidence given by the witnesses did not appear to me to be of such a nature as to indicate fabrication. It is suggested that the case has been bolstered up by Madon, but Mr. Waite's evidence shows that Muncherji came to him of his own accord before he (complainant) had spoken to Madon. I believe the evidence of complainant and his witnesses. Their evidence did not appear to me to be shaken in cross-examination nor rebutted by the documentary or oral evidence called by the defence. In Exhibit 2 the accused, who had pleaded guilty to the offence of defamation, writes on May 25th last, to the President and Members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation : 'For some certain reasons I was advised by my counsel to tender an apology. I did so and I was fined Rs. 30.' In Exhibit 3 he writes on July 8th : 'I had asked for an apology because I was advised by my lawyer to do so. They had to make pleasure in the Court by Municipal money, while I have to spend money from my own pocket.' Muncherji's story is that he and Modi were house-hunting on June 9th. It was elicited from the defence witness, Cawasji Manekji Barucha, that on 27th February, Modi had been served with a notice to quit, and this witness could not say whether Modi had received a notice to quit in June, because the clerk, who kept the register, had absconded with the papers. Mr. Waite stated in evidence that the witness Bhabha explained his reluctance in first coming forward to give evidence by saying he did not wish to give evidence against another Parsi, and this is corroborated by the evidence of the defence witness, Mr. Maughan. With reference to the second charge Mr. Payne contends that the words deposed to by the witness Bhabha are not necessarily defamatory, because he merely alleges, accused told him the case was settled and the offence of defamation is compoundable by law. I am of opinion that Mr. Payne's contention must be upheld and I aquit the accused on this charge. I sentence the accused to three months' and one day's simple imprisonment on the first and third charges, the sentences to run consecutively."

SELLING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

One Chhotalal Motilal was charged with selling one packet of cocaine without a license. It appeared from the evidence that the accused was arrested on Monday night in Sheikh Memon Street by Excise Inspectors Ashburner and Nasikwalla. The accused pleaded not guilty. He was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25, or, in default, to undergo seven days' simple imprisonment.

POSSESSING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

Syed Omer Syed Mahomed, a Mahomedan, was charged with being in possession of 90 grains of cocaine without a license. It appeared from the evidence that the accused was arrested in the 3rd Pinjrapole Street by Excise Inspector Variava who was accompanied by Excise Inspectors Nasikwalla and Dyer. On the accused being searched 55 packets of cocaine were found on his person. The accused pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50, or, in default, to undergo fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

The case in which Mr. Arthur Crawford charged Mr. H. E. Bryning, Manager of Messrs. Thacker and Co., Booksellers and Publishers, with insult, was called on for hearing. Mr. Chalk, of Messrs. Smetham and Co., Solicitors, appeared for Mr. Bryning. Mr. Crawford's name was called three times but he did not appear. Also nobody appeared to represent him. His Worship, therefore, dismissed the case.

Mr. Chalk said that in view of a report that had appeared in the newspapers regarding this matter, he wished to state in fairness to his client that certain statements made therein were not correct. His client particularly took exception to the statement that Messrs. Thacker and Co. had charged Mr. Crawford compound interest at nine per cent. for twenty-one years. In fact no interest whatever was charged.

MR. D. HOOPER, Superintendent of the Industrial Section, Indian Museum, Calcutta, is returning from furlough to England this month. Mr. Hooper was one of the Indian representatives at the Conference of Applied Arts and Sciences held in London last May.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

The steamer Strathavon 2,830 tons, Captain W Mackay arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Madura 1,273 tons, Captain W. J. Bishop arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Bushire &c. with a general cargo and 18 cabin and 93 deck passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sutherland 1,794 tons, Captain W. P. Rodger arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Glasgow and Manchester with a general cargo 2 horses and 74 dogs.

The Hansa Line steamer Wildenfels 3,559 tons Captain T Venker arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Hamburg, with a general cargo and explosives.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Company's steamer R Rubattino, 2,681 tons Captain L Mancini, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Genoa, etc with a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 5.

Britannia	1969	Halse	Bo & H S N Co
Banca	3794	Collyer	P & O Co
Bahadur	2936	Benson	T Morrison & Co
Celtic King	2589	Humphrey	W & A Graham & Co
Crewe Hall	2691	Mayall	K Nixon & Co
Clan Sutherland	1794	Rodger	J Finlay & Co
Haldari	1563	Gray	B & P S N Co
Lalpoora	2121	Fry	M M & Co
Mohamadi	1351	Gore	B & P S & Co
Madura	1273	Bishop...P Gulf	M M & Co
Rinaldo	2791	Pickering	J Finlay & Co
R Rubattino	2681	Mancini	F & R S N Co
Rohilla		Capt J Smith	Hired Transport
Strathavon	2830	Mackay	
Shah Jehan	2566	Webb	B & P S N Co
Saifi	1446		Bo & H S N Co
Shah Ameer	1921	Pigot	B & H S N Co
Shah Navaz	2522	Denison	B & H S N Co
Strathness	2818	Lamont	W & A Graham & Co
Wersley Hall	2238	Jenkins	W & A Graham & Co
Warora	2565	Tipper	M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Chancellor	2958	Donald	Genoa N F		K N & Co
B Islanda	3361	Robertson	Stream	8-10	M M & Co
C & R Nairung	2862	Corkhill	Calcutta	6-10	T Morrison & Co
F Moyori Maru	2787		Richards Kobe	7-10	N Y Kaisha
H Alavi	2324	Hill	Jeddah	9-10	B & P S N Co
M Conland	760		Ebrahim G Ports	7-10	Bo S N Co Ld
N Strathblane	2829	Smith	Philadelphia	9-10	R A Willis
O Berra	2591	Elford	Dunkirk	9-10	W & A G & Co
M W D D					
Lhasa	941	McDiarmid	Karachi	8-10	M M & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
2 Circassia	4315	Osborne	Liverpool	9-10	W & A Graham & Co
4 Glenedon	3018	Graham	Hamburg	10-10	W & A Graham & Co
5 Hermiston	2926	Bain	Genoa	9-10	T Morrison & Co
8 Dwarka	759	Moxon	Busreh	7-10	M M & Co
9 Devanha	4785	Powell	Shanghai	16-10	P & O Co
10&11 Assaye	4358	Jones	Shanghai	27-10	P & O Co
13 Egypt	4178	Summers	London	9-10	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
5	Strathavon s	Mackay	Calcutta, Sept 24
	Madura s	Bishop	Bushire, Sept 20
	Clan Sutherland s	Rodger	Glasgow, Aug 28
	Rohilla s	Smith	Southampton, Sept. 16
	R Rubattino s	Mancini	Genoa, Sept. 18
	Wildenfels s	Venker	Hamburg, Sept. 4

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday:—

Steamer Assaye for China, &c.
" Ville de la Ciotat for Sydney, &c.
" Crewe Hall for Liverpool, &c.
" Madura for Persian Gulf, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Africa, left Trieste on the [illegible] instant, and is due here on the 19th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Scindia, outward bound passed Suez on the 1st and is due to arrive here on the [illegible]ing of the 17th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—130 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 170 bales wool, D Koondanmal; 39 bales wool, E Shewji; 24 bales wool, A H Mowji and Co; 55 bales wool. David Sassoon and Co; 1 bale cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 27 bales wool, C Kimatram; 67 bales wool, R Rampratab; 8 bales wool, K Balkassondas; 1,235 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas; 60 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 16 bales wool, K Balkissondas; 18,765 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 10 bales wool, M Ramkaram; 15 bales wool, D Nagjee and Co.

Crewe Hall s—47,918 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—16 bales hides and skins, H Oomer and H Moosa; 75 bales hides, E D Sassoon and Co; 6 cases dragoon blood, A H Mowji and Co; 2 bales carpets, Latham and Co; 9 bales hides, B Esmail.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—2,640 cwts linseed, 450 cwts groundnuts and 1,999 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 49 cwts senna leaves, W A Patheras; 1,000 cwts poppyseed and 3,238 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

Crewe Hall s—999 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,800 cwts gram, 700 cwts teelseed and 4,017 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Rinaldo s—255 bales cotton-waste, H Bhejnath and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Berra s—3,001 cwts nigerseed, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR HULL.

Rinaldo s—12 bags wheat flour, Volkart Bros; 300 cwts castorseed, G Bhimji.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chancellor s—6,000 cwts mowraseed, P Jethabhoy; 2,040 cwts rapeseed, 3,003 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

[illegible] s—100 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Moyori Maru s—37 cwts dry fish, V Nurpall and Co; [illegible] piecegoods, J [illegible]larakhia; 8 bales cotton, Cassum Ahmed; 135 cwts angoor, T [illegible]ji.

[illegible] s—1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 700 bales twist, Framjee Sons and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—[illegible] bales twist Framji Sons and Co; 1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 300 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

[illegible] 1,000 bales twist, David Sassoon [illegible] The M B Kaisha; [illegible] Sassoon and Co.

[illegible] and Co.

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The Bombay Gazette.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1909.

THE AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.

THE Agricultural Conference, which has been held at Poona during the last week is now a thing of the past, and it is time to take a survey of its proceedings and assess its results. We must confess that, in the first instance, we found it difficult to imagine what kind of result it would be possible to obtain from the deliberations of the extremely diversified gathering of some six hundred people, representing every interest connected with the land in this Presidency; and even now that the discussion is at an end and those concerned have said their say, it is difficult to give any precise opinion regarding the feeling of the Conference on a large number of the questions that were brought up before the meeting; and we shall await with interest the issue of the report, summarising the proceedings which, according to the announcement made, will shortly be issued. A glance round the Council Hall, which was packed to the utmost limit of even its gallery, showed a strange medley of visitors. On the platform sat the two Members of Council, and the Maharajas of Baroda, Kolhapur and Idar; immediately in front was a row of ruling Chiefs and Sirdars of the Deccan; then came the representatives of the commercial and industrial bodies of Bombay and Ahmedabad, and of the Agricultural Associations newly formed throughout the Presidency; while the body of the hall was filled with the landholders and representatives of every district. Nor was the actual cultivator absent; the substantial Deccani Patil could be identified by his large turban, the picture of a sturdy farmer; the Patidar of Gujarat, marked by a general air of prosperity, as intelligent a type of cultivator as any in the world; and the shrewd Lingayat from the south, conversing with his neighbour in the soft Kanarese tongue. It was to such an audience that His Excellency the Governor addressed his striking words, pointing out the position which agriculture holds in this country, and the relation between agricultural and industrial interests, indicating the direction in which the prosperity and happiness of the people lay. It was a notable address, calculated to guide along well-reasoned lines, the vague economic opinions that must have filled the minds of most of the audience, and to convince them that while industrial enterprise is advancing steadily and surely on this side of India, it would not conduce to the happiness of the people to suddenly divert to industrial undertakings a large part of the labour and capital which are now devoted to the fundamental necessities of cultivation. On the contrary, the land is crying out for a larger application of industry and capital, and well able to yield a good return to such as apply it with intelligence and a knowledge of the teachings of modern science.

As might have been expected, the discussions, which lasted for three days, tended to become very discursive. Many members had prepared long written papers, each dealing with a number of subjects; while some apparently wished to discuss the first principles of agricultural science. On several points, however, interesting discussion took place, in which the speakers were content to stick to the main issue. In the first place a strong and unanimous desire was manifested that agricultural education in the vernacular should be provided for the sons of cultivators. There was considerable variety of opinion as to how it should be given; but after hearing the remarks of the Director of Public Instruction, the meeting seemed to incline to the opinion that the instruction should be given not at the ordinary primary schools, but at schools specially organised for the purpose by the Agricultural Department. Similarly the opinion that the latter Department should develop in the direction of an extension of demonstration plots, equipped with seed implement depots, seemed to be general. The question of seed selection appeared to interest those present, and on this subject the agricultural officers gave the audience some useful information. Perhaps the subjects on which most people had pronounced ideas was that of the provision of agricultural capital. Mr. Brander read a paper, explaining the nature of the scheme undertaken by Government to finance the sugarcane-growing on the Nira Canal, and giving information regarding the progress made. Sir Vithaldas Thackersey offered his congratulations on the success achieved and expressed his opinion that a point had been reached when private banking enterprise might take the matter up. The virtues and the vices of the money-lender and the utility of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act were discussed by several speakers, who expressed strong views that the economic problem lay at the root of agricultural progress. Perhaps one of the most interesting details discussed was the question of plough cattle. The subject cropped up incidentally in connection with the forest policy of Government, on which many persons had remarks to offer. There appeared to be a strong belief that cattle could not be bred at a profit unless free grazing was provided by Government; and the falling off in the supply of stock was attributed to the forest restrictions. This proposition was warmly contested by Sir John Muir-Mackenzie, who quoted statistics to show that the falling off in stock was due entirely to years of famine. The question, however, is an interesting one, and it would be of use if some gentleman, who knows the difficulty and the cost of breeding cattle, would give figures showing how the profit and loss account balances.

Towards the end of the meeting Mr. Rutalik of Bijapur explained the work which the Agricultural Association at Bijapur was doing, and produced a sample of potatoes which he claimed was the first to be grown in that district. Mr. Jadhavrao of Kolhapur made some very sensible and well-informed remarks on the subject of subsidiary industries, instancing in particular cattle breeding, poultry keeping and silk production. The last mentioned subject produced many enquiries regarding the prospects of eri silk, in connection with which the Director of Agriculture from the Baroda State gave some useful and interesting information. These are only some of the many matters which were discussed. It was often obvious that those joining in the debate had not much detailed knowledge regarding the matter in hand; and the size of the meeting made it impossible that the opinion of those present could be taken on any point in more than a very general way. The sum total of human knowledge has, therefore, not been greatly increased by the deliberations at Poona. We think, however that the meeting had a distinct use. It showed clearly that a large body of educated people are firmly convinced of the possibility of agricultural progress, are interested in the subject, and favourably disposed towards the activities of the Agricultural Department. And the visit which these persons have paid to Poona cannot fail to add to this feeling. The visitors largely availed themselves of the invitation to visit the Agricultural College and Farm at Kirkee, where an admirable demonstration, covering a wide field of agricultural science, was provided by the College Staff. At the Manjiri Farm and the botanical gardens, too, the operations of the Department were explained to an interested crowd. These excursions were, from many points of view, the most useful part of the whole meeting, and it was on these occasions that the actual cultivators who sat silent in the Council Hall, found the use of their tongues to ask vary pertinent questions and to make comments which showed that they knew what they were talking about. Taking a general view of the proceedings, we should say that the interest was well sustained from the opening address of the Governor until the time when Sir J. Muir Mackenzie summed up the discussion and closed the proceedings. Some six hundred landholders, drawn from every part of the Presidency, have now had an opportunity of reading the annual report of the Department of Agriculture, and of discussing it with the officers of that Department. They have seen what the Department is doing at headquarters and have discussed what it should do. It will not be the fault of the Department if its teachings remain unknown; and we hope that this Conference will result in the increase and wider diffusion of agricultural interest and sustained effort to improve the existing methods of cultivation.

OPIUM REVENUE IN BOMBAY.

DURING the financial year 1908-9. the Government of Bombay have had the advantage of a largely increased opium revenue. The total imperial revenue from opium was Rs. 2,10,42,440 against Rs. 93,45,440, in the preceding year, an increase of Rs. 1,16,97,000. This extraordinary increase, however, does not represent any considerable growth either in Indian consumption or in exportation. The increase, we are informed in the annual report of the administration of the department, is due to the fact that during the year the Government received a large proportion of the duty which in the ordinary course of events would have been paid in 1909 and 1910. This was in consequence of the Government's policy of gradually restricting the exports of opium to China; merchants, anxious to secure the right of priority of right of export made payments of duty in advance and Government has already received duty on nearly the whole quantity which is likely to be shipped in 1909 and 1910. Duty has been received on 6,809½ chests for shipment which have not yet actually been imported to the Presidency and it is said that as opium deteriorates in Bombay they will not be brought down until close upon the time of shipment early next year. The duty on opium for exportation to foreign countries is the principal source of opium revenue. It was paid during the year under report on 34,419 chests as compared with 18,349 chests in the preceding year and produced a revenue of Rs. 2,09,81,700, as compared with Rs. 93,07,200. It would seem likely that duty will continue to be paid in advance, at least for several years, and Government need not, therefore, look to any large falling in revenue next year. However, their restrictive policy has evidently introduced into the trade a serious form of gambling, and to a very considerable extent. This might be brought to the notice of the Anti-Opium League, which presumably does not approve of gambling any more than opium-eating, although it refuses to admit that the former may be more pernicious. However, there can be no doubt that when the Government policy has presently produced any considerable effect in reducing trade that the system of such heavy forward payments of duty may have a disastrous result for many of those engaged in the opium industry. The amount actually exported to China increased by 3,837 chests as compared with an increase of 3,536 chests in 1907-8. This is attributed partly to the expectation that prices would rise in China, consequent on the limitation of the total exports, and partly to the anxiety of the merchants to ship their chests as soon as possible so that they might not be shut out by the completion of the maximum limit of 13,600 chests fixed for the present calendar year. During the financial year 1908-9 a much larger number than this, well over twenty thousand chests, was exported. Only once in the last ten years in 1906-7 has the exportation fallen below fourteen thousand.

The number of chests of foreign opium brought to Bombay and Karachi and then reshipped to Hongkong and other parts were 838 and 1,495, respectively, a net increase of 270. The Commissioner reports that it is suspected that in regard to 269 chests transhipped at Bombay telegrams from Karachi to the effect that the duty has been paid there had been forged and the matter is under inquiry. In the Bombay warehouses 29,046½ chests were imported during the year compared with 17,550 during the preceding year. From these and the balance of 504 chests in stock at the beginning of the year 20,694½ chests were exported to China, 17 to Zanzibar and one to Mauritius; while 1,188½ chests were sold for consumption in the Presidency. The average prices of opium in the Bombay market during the year were Rs. 1,185 per chest for one-year old and Rs. 1,305 for two-year old, against Rs. 1,271 and Rs. 1,357 in the year before, the fall in price being due to the limitation of export.

INDIA'S TRADE WITH HAMBURG.

THE trade between India and the port of Hamburg, suffered considerably during last year. So we gather from the annual Consular report on the trade of the port for 1908. Imports from India to Germany, were of the total value of but £12,652,297, or more than five millions sterling less than in 1907, and nearly a million and a half less than in 1906. Exports to India also decreased, being of the value £4,000,226, or £96,500 less than in the previous year, and £607,000 less than 1906. The decrease in exports is attributed almost entirely to political reasons; in other words, to the Swadeshi policy, whose defenders, so stoutly assert that it is not aimed against any European interests but are repeatedly confronted with the curious fact that it is doing serious injury to European trade. In this regard the Consul prefers to quote the opinion of the Hamberg Chamber of Commerce, who say "the interests more especially of the export trade from this and other parts of Germany to India, were unfavourably influenced in 1908 by the political condition of the latter country which had a prejudicial effect upon the spirit of enterprise and confidence of the busines world. The markets were over-stocked with European goods, and consequently imports from Germany and elsewhere were restricted." The volume of Indian imports was naturally adversely affected by the poor harvests, which resulted in so many parts of India. The shortage of the rice crop led to the importation of large quantities from Burma, and prices for this rice as well as for Siam and Saigon rice were quite as high as in 1907. Shipments of cotton too were greatly reduced by the unfavourableness of the crop and numbered only 239,620 bales compared with 728,782 in 1907. It is interesting to note that the consumption of tea in Germany is said to be undoubtedly more in favour of Indian sorts than of Chinese and the sales of Indian and Ceylon teas, although sometimes the market was dull, were considerably better than those of China, except for the finest qualities. The trade in rice was handicapped by the fact that cleaned rice continued to sell in Hamburg at low prices. Therefore, the mills had difficulty in purchasing, as the prices for uncleaned rice required here were, in consequence of the large demand, higher than the prices of cleaned rice in Germany. Happily, there is no reason to fear any failure of the crops this year, and we may expect trade to make an upward bound towards the position which it occupied in 1907.

THE work on the Malakand Tunnel, in connection with the Upper Swat Canal, will begin shortly. There will be hand-drilling preliminary to the use of electric drills on both sides of the Kotal.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

SIR EDWARD ELGAR TO WRITE OPERA.

Mr. Sutro's New Play.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 18.

THERE are moments when even the most stout-hearted supporter of public art galleries may be inclined to doubt their utility—to wonder whether the national recognition of art, divorced from systematic or scientific study, is as effective in the production of fine work as the old methods of private connoisseurship whether popular interest is really ever aroused; to wonder most of all, when the collection is made, how may be traced its effect on contemporary life and conduct. To the careful observer it would seem that the art gallery is rarely more than a matter of curiosity and diversion, seldom the source of new emotional experience, and that the "adventures" among works of art are only to the few who come to their studies—as the devout to their devotions—with as much as they carry away. Certainly, the characteristic of the art gallery that, in nine cases out of ten, most forcibly impresses the observer is its emptiness, and one can but cherish the thought that the virtues of the choice minority balance the callousness of the majority, which passes by unheedingly. But it is true, of course, that circumstances other than the indifference of the public may account for emptiness. Not all that is catalogued as fine art deserves homage. Nor can it be forgotton that if the call of art be not over strenuous the convenience of a gallery is largely responsible for its success. The Royal Academy in the West and the Whitechapel Gallery in the East both tap sources of population that are inexhaustible.

AN ISOLATED MUSEUM.

Surely one of the most oddly situated collections of pictures in England is that contained in the Bowes Museum at Barnard Castle. On the slope of a Yorkshire moor where one looks for a shooting box—where, of all places, the exotic airs of art are apt to be dissipated by the fresher winds of heaven—one finds a magnificent French chateau—a miniature Louvre—in its gracious gardens, full to the brim with pictures and china and odds-and-ends of art. If lack of patronage is the fate of these stately galleries, it is the fault of the donors who placed them where they are and not of the collection, Few visitors come and go, and it is only in the summer months, when excursions are run from neighbouring towns, that the galleries are thronged by holiday folk who take the pictures as items in the crowded pleasures of the day. Mr. John Bowes, of Streatlam, who founded the gallery, married a French lady, who seems to have had a fatal taste for painting of an amateur kind modified by the skilful assistance of a professional. They lived principally in France, and it is surmised that both were interested in pictures of a sort, and were what the catalogue pleasantly calls "patrons of art," although a study of the galleries suggests rather that they were patrons only of certain artists. At all events, they bought cart-loads of pictures and many valuable bits of china and, being blessed with a superfluity of wordly goods, they determined to found a museum and picture gallery at Calais. Calais was chosen because it was in Mrs. Bowes, own country, France, yet looking towards Mr. Bowes' country England. This cosmopolitan idea was abandoned for the most curious of reasons. Mr. Bowes—good Tory that he must have been—suspected the stability of a Republic, and "considered that there would be less chance of revolutions occurring, in which the works of art might be injured, in England than in France." The France of the Louvre and Luxembourg was not safe enough for cautious Mr. Bowes, so Calais was bereft, and Barnard Castle profited accordingly. Over one hundred thousand pounds was spent on a huge chateau in the later French manner, and between the years 1880 and 1892—when, alas! Mr. Bowes had been dead just seven years—large consignments of pictures and works of art continued to arrive at Barnard Castle. A careful survey of the pictures does not suggest that they would have been in any special danger from a revolution, unless, indeed, the revolutionists had been artists and critics with a fairly trustworthy scent for spurious picture-making. In that case certain attributions to Millet and Corot and one or two others, both French and Spanish, might have gone to the flames. The majority of the French pictures are, in fact, by secondrate painters of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, and, with few exceptions, they are less valuable to-day than they were in Mr. Bowes' time. There are stacks of the same kind in all the French provincial galleries, and any revolution may be safely counted on to leave them unharmed. But there are many Spanish pictures of some importance, notably two or three fine examples of Goya, two Carrenos—one of them his masterpiece—several Zurbarans, and two magnificent Riberas. The Dutch pictures are also numerous and interesting, and almost all of them are authentic. They include a fine seascape painted by Van de Velde the younger for Admiral de Ruyter, several examples of Teniers, Snyders, Van der Neer, and others. But it is hardly fair to catalogue the collection in this hasty fashion, for of necessity much would have to be omitted. The main points are that the isolation of the museum is unique, that there are many good and some bad pictures, that the china is authentic and valuable, and that the tapestries and enamels are of more intrinsic interest than any other items in the collection.

A BOLD PROGRAMME.

Mr. Thomas Beecham is certainly a bold man. For sheer audacity it would be hard to beat the programme which he has announced in connexion with the season of opera which, it seems, he proposes to give at His Majesty's in January next. Practically every work in the list is unfamiliar, while one or two will be absolutely new. How it is hoped to attract the general public in sufficient numbers by such a scheme passes understanding. It has always proved difficult enough in the past to get them to come to hear even the established favourites and acknowledged masterpieces—"Tannhauser" and "Lohengrin," "Faust" and "Carmen." Is it possible, this being so, that success can be achieved with "Boris Goudonoff" and "Le Chemineau," Mr. Holbrooke's "Dylan," and Mr. Forsyth's "Cinderella!" If so, never let it be said again that London opera-goers are unenterprising. Practically a season of novelties, new and old, seems to be contemplated. How it will be possible even to find the necessary performers is hard to understand, for the work entailed will be immense, unless it is proposed to import artists already familiar with the works in question, in which case the cost will be startling, and even in this event the labour involved would still be gigantic. The ordinary Continental opera-house considers it has done very well if it brings out one novelty in the season. Mr. Beecham is apparently contemplating the production of half a dozen, straight of the reel, and this with a scratch company of more or less inexperienced performers. How will he do it? Everyone will of course wish him success; but many will certainly find it difficult to repress misgivings at the same time. There is such a thing as attempting the impossible, whereby the cause of that which is possible and practicable suffers. The works which have been named in connexion with Mr. Beecham's project include, besides those named, "Il Seraglio" and "The Magic Flute" of Mozart, "La Dame Pique" of Tschaikowsky, Massenet's "Thais" and "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame," De Missa's "Muguette." and "A Village Romeo and Juliet," or "Koanga," by Delus.

AN OPERA BY ELGAR.

Meanwhile, talking of English opera, the highly interesting report is current that Sir Edward Elgar is at last seriously meditating an attempt in this direction, and has got so far, indeed, as to put something on paper, which is certainly good news if the rumour is well founded. Again and again the wish has been expressed that Sir Edward might see his way to try his hand at a work for the stage, but hitherto to no purpose. Yet there is no reason to suppose that Sir Edward could not write a splendid opera if, he chose to make the attempt.

HEREFORD FESTIVAL.

The announcement that there was a falling-off in the takings at the Hereford Festival last week will occasion more regret than surprise, for this has been the experience of most of the provincial festivals during recent years. In connexion with Hereford it has been suggested that the cause of the loss resides in the expensive vocalists engaged, and not for the first time it has been urged that if the local music-lovers would be content to attend the performances for the music rather than for the particular artists engaged, a better balance-sheet might result, inasmuch as it would not be necessary in this case to engage such expensive singers, who, as matters stand, run away with such a heavy proportion of the recepts. The advice is quite sound as far as it goes, but if it be true, as has been stated, that the receipts themselves have fallen off this time, it does not help matters much, since, if the attendance has not been satisfactory in spite of the "star" artists engaged, there could hardly be hope of bettering matters if less distinguished artists were relied on. Probably the real explanation of the falling-off here, as elsewhere, is that very few works of real attractiveness suitable for festival purposes have been produced of recent years, so that the older examples, such as the "Messiah" and "Elijah," are the only ones which can be relied upon to attract, and even they naturally lose their drawing power to some extent as time goes on.

"MAKING A GENTLEMAN," AT THE GARRICK.

Mr. Sutro's new play will hardly increase his reputation. In some respects it resembles "The Walls of Jericho," the piece that has rendered him a popular dramatist; but although about five years have gone by since the production of that work, and it has had at least half a dozen successors, one sees no signs of development in the new comedy, except that the author shows a greater reticence and has the merit of avoiding several obvious scenes a faire which probably he would have written in earlier days, "Making a Gentleman," like "The Walls of Jericho," is an attack upon modern society, and deals with its selfishness, its indulgence to rich sinners, and its licence to young married women to have young men "pals" so long as their terms of intimacy stop at, or rather after, kissing, and do not quite reach the level recognised by the Divorce Court. Whether his facts are correct or not, I am unable to say but I can assert that they are not very convincingly put forth in the curiously colourless play presented on Saturday at the Garrick. From a statement made, by Mr. Arthur Bourchier, we learn that the comedy "presents a problem—it is none the less a problem for being clean—that is, how shall a rich commercial father bring up his son for the best advantage for that son, and that son's environment?" Presumably it is on account of this problem that the piece is called "Making a Gentleman." It is a mere delusion, I think, that there is not any real treatment of a problem at all. The play simply shows that "a rich commercial father" has brought up his son in a particular way, with bad results. The author's name is a guarantee of the fact that the play contains some neatly written dialogue and ingenious theatrical effects, on a small scale, however. It is not strong in character-drawing or suggestions of reality, whilst, on the other hand, it is rich in simple theatrical energy. One misfortune is that too little is seen of Miss Ethel Irving, who represented the Baroness; she was the one interesting feature, and her acting was exquisite, but she was absent during the whole of the second and fourth acts and most of the first.

"FALSE GODS."

In producing Mr. J. B. Fagan's translation of Brieux's "La Foi" at His Majesty's Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree has broken new ground in many directions. First of all he himself does not appear until the last act and the play does not depend on the sumptuousness of its mounting. There are two fine "sets"—Rheon's house on the banks of the Nile, a picture on which Mr. Joseph Harker and Mr. Percy Macquoid, who have supervised the scenery, may well pride themselves; and a remarkable picture of the interior of the Temple, with a long perspective of huge pillars and a vista, through the open door of a sunlit avenue ending in an archway. In both cases the effect is more due to the cleverness of the design than to the expence of the setting. No; this time the drama itself is the thing at His Majesty's. Is it great drama? Well, no; because M. Brieux is an accomplished but not a great dramatist. He is always too intent on driving home his lesson, and in "False Gods" there are many long and, it must be confessed, dull conversations which do not seem the natural outcome of the situations and characters. Yet I would not be of those lovers of genteel and entertaining plays who will dismiss this interesting drama as a dull essay in religious discussions. In a sense M. Brieux has written a world-drama—a drama of significance and point. It is laid in old Egypt, but it is modern in its tendency. The theme is nothing less than the problem of whether it is right to destroy the faith of a people, however, false that faith may be. "Give me some other lie for the one they have taken from me," prays blind Mieris, the wife of Rheon an official of high degree. They have awakened my reason and killed my faith." The High Priest himself, in the most remarkable scene in the play, shows that he and the priests understand this cry. "A little wisdom banishes the gods; great wisdom calls them back. We give the people the gods they can understand." The greater wisdom comes the hero Satni, when he is dying from a stab in the back administered by one of the slaves who had been the first to acclaim the truth of his indictment of Amun, Isis, the jackal and the rest of the Egyptian gods of stocks and stone. Mieris, convinced at last of her false faith asks him, as an apostle of the new to whom must sacrifices be made. "To those who suffer," is the last thought of this Egyptian Radical and free thinker.

ACCOUNTS are published showing a net profit of Rs. 40,000 on the working of the Burma Coast Lights last year, after paying interest at 4 per cent. and a sinking fund at 3 1-2 per cent. on capital expenditure.

THE BIRMINGHAM SUFFRAGETTES.

AN UNIMPORTANT PROTEST.

Appeal for a Clear Statement.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, OCTOBER 4.

Messrs. Nevinson and Brailsford, leader-writers on the *Daily News*, have resigned as a protest against the Government's treatment of the Birmingham suffragettes.

The *Daily News*, in a leader this morning, urges Mr. Asquith to reverse his attitude and hopes that the position of Liberalism in favour of adult suffrage, male and female, will be made clear before the General Election.

LORD ROSEBERY'S RETIREMENT.

No Desire for Political Life.

GENERAL DISAPPOINTMENT.

LONDON, OCTOBER 5.

Lord Rosebery, in declining an invitation to make a speech at Birmingham, says: "More speeches would involve my return to the political controversy from which I have long withdrawn and to which I hope never to return."

LATER.

The Conservatives are disappointed at Lord Rosebery's announcement that he will not re-enter politics,

The *Times* says, "Lord Rosebery by his own act has complicated the position which was perfectly simple. He has given us a right to feel surprised, at the tenour of his reply to Birmingham. If the policy he condemns is to be defeated it must be by more persistent and and more tenacious combatants."

THE ADANA MASSACRES.

Claims from the Powers.

LONDON, OCTOBER 4.

Owing to the resignation of the Armenian Patriarch, as a mark of indignation at the results of the Adana massacre trials, the Porte has ordered the retrial of the Governor of the district.

LONDON, OCTOBER 5.

A telegram from Constantinople states that the German Embassy has presented to the Porte a claim in respect of the losses sustained by German subjects in the Adana disturbances. The French and Italian Embassies will shortly present claims, The latter will exceed 100,000 francs.

THE BARCELONA RIOTS.

Ringleader Shot.

LONDON, OCTOBER 4.

One of the leaders of the Barcelona rising was shot this morning, and the court-martial of three others has begun. Occasional bomb outrages continue, but generally little damage or personal injury results.

THE RIFF CAMPAIGN.

Moors Reinforced.

LONDON, OCTOBER 4.

The Moors around Melilla have been largely reinforced and are again assuming the offensive.

A NAVAL JUBILEE.

Austria's Hopes.

LONDON, OCTOBER 4.

The Archduke Franz Ferdinand has telegraphed to Count Montecuccoli, head of the Navy, his congratulations on the latter's service jubilee. The Archduke says he hopes that ere long there will be an increase in the fleet bringing it up to modern requirements.

ALLEGED GERMAN SPIES.

Ten Arrests at Rheims,

LONDON OCTOBER 5.

Seven men and three women have been arrested at Rheims. They are believed to form part of a gang of German spies.

PARLIAMENTARY RETIREMENT.

LONDON, OCTOBER 5.

Sir John Brunner is retiring from Parliament.

[Sir John Brunner is presumably retiring from Parliamentary life on account of age as he is sixty-seven years old. He entered Parliament in 1885 and with the exception of a short period in 1886 has represented Northwich ever since. As partner with Herr Ludwig Mond he founded the great Alkali Works of Northwich which are the largest in the world. He was created a Baronet in 1895 and was appointed to the Privy Council in 1906. Northwich owes much to him for, besides the library he gave the town, he has given it many smaller gifts and he has also given guildhalls to Runcorn and Winsford "for the use of Trade Unions, Friendly and other Societies." Sir John has always taken a keen interest in education and has published two books on the subject.]

OVER ten millions of spindles in south-east Lancashire are now either stopped or are only partially running, and the outlook is depressing in the extreme. At least one-half of these spindles are new ones, there being no demand for their products. Big losses are being incurred in keeping dozens of the latest started factories running at all. Thousands of work-people investors are being hard hit through the continued slackness in the cotton trade. Shares are offered at one-tenth of what has been paid on them in certain new concerns, the poorer scripholders being unable to meet the calls which are constantly being made.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

Sir Courtenay Ilbert's Views.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, OCTOBER 5.

Sir Courtenay Ilbert delivered a lecture at the London School of Economics, last night, upon the Indian institutions and conditions. He described the growth of constituted law in India and advised students not to rely on books but to study the human side of laws and institutions.

The tendency, he said, existed to view Indian problems pessimistically. The best corrective of that tendency was a historical survey of the Indian Institutions and to consider what has been done in the past as an encouragement to what might be done in the future. The Government of India, he declared, was a most gigantic successful experiment in the art of ruling that the world had ever seen.

MOSLEMS' ELECTORAL CLAIMS.

London League's Suggestions.

LONDON, OCTOBER 1.

In response to a request from all parts of India and with full concurrence of the Aga Khan, the London Branch of the Moslem League has submitted for the consideration of Lord Morley, a review of the situation with regard to Mahomedans' electoral claims. It declares that the whole Mahomedans are gratified at the intimation that concerning coal self-governing bodies, the Indian Government's amended proposals do not affect Lord Morley's pledges; they are poignantly disappointed when they reflect that principle which Lord Morley held to be appropriate to the lower rungs of the electoral ladder cannot be applied with similar completeness to higher and more important branches of popular representation.

The League points out separate elections are an existent right in many Municipal areas in Northern India. The aim of Mussulmans has been throughout to have the problem treated as whole.

The London Committee discussed Ali Imam's scheme during the latter's visit to London, but it is unable to favour a scheme which is condemned by the overwhelming weight of Moslem opinion as failing to secure real adequate representation. Only a separate register can assure the execution of the principle affirmed in Lord Morley's despatch of 27th November; that Legislative Councils should reflect the leading elements of the population.

The Committee suggests an alternative scheme which mainly follows that submitted to the Viceroy by tha Talukdars of Mahmudabad, and says that even an allotment of nine seats on the Viceregal Legislature to Mahomedans will leave the Hindus in an overwhelming majority.

THE ANGLO-SIAMESE TREATY.

American Appreciation.

POONA, OCTOBER 5.

A report by the American Minister at Bangkok to Washington upon the Anglo-Siamese Treaty, expresses the conviction that it will conduce to the opening up and development of the Siamese Peninsula. The new Railway which will be begun immediately will bring the entire Peninsula into easier tonch with the markets of the world and will develop the resources of the country, notably mineral wealth, which offer inducements to foreign capital.

THE COMING ELECTION.

First Cabinet Hint.

LONDON, OCTOBER 5.

Lord Morley, speaking on education at Manchester last night, vaguely referred to a controversy that may soon be upon us, giving an opportunity of testing the strength and infirmities of human intellect after a long period of education.

The papers give prominence to the utterance as the first statement of a Cabinet Minister that an election is expected.

THE PATRIARCH OF ANTIOCH.

Visit to Ootacamund.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, OCTOBER 5.

His Holiness the Patriarch of Antioch and the Most Rev. Mar Dionysius, the Syrian Metropolitan, had a long and very cordial interview with the Governor of Madras at Government House, Ooty, yesterday. To-day at noon, the Bishop of Madras visits them; they return the visit this evening. The party will leave Ooty to-morrow for Kunnamkulam in Cochin State.

THE designations of the Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent of the King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy, Madras, have been altered to those of Director and Assistant Director, respectively.

THE Bishop of Truro, as Dean of the Cathedral, has received an official communication from General Sir Dighton Probyn, stating that the King "is very glad to sanction the spires of the two western towers of the cathedral bearing respectively the names of 'King Edward' and 'Queen Alexandra.'" The south-western tower and spire will, therefore, bear the name of the King, and the north-western the name of the Queen. The central tower, with its spire, bears the name of Queen Victoria. It was in May, 1880, that His Majesty, then Prince of Wales and Duke of Cornwall, acting as Grand Master of the Freemasons, laid the foundation-stone of the edifice.

NON-DELIVERY OF TELEGRAMS.

Insufficiency of Address no Good Plea.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 5.

In a letter addressed to the Director-General of Telegraphs, Calcutta, the Trades Association Committee say that they are unable to view with favour the proposal suggested by the Madras Chamber and approved by the Bengal Chamber that a charge should be made for the delivery of insufficiently addressed telegrams. The Committee noted that it is now suggested that this charge should be applied in the case of registered abbreviated addresses, whether the correct address be used or not, the object being to ensure that all telegrams should be delivered, if possible, irrespective of the sufficiency of the address and as a means of finding a financial or pecuniary equilibrium between well-known addressees who do not register and those who do.

The Committee submit that if the Telegraph Department desires to increase the revenue obtained from the telegraph service, the only just way to obtain that object would be to increase the charge for telegrams. The question of the sufficiency of addresses on telegrams has arisen out of the endeavour to class such insufficient addresses as abbreviated addresses and the Committee submit that in so doing an error has been made.

The Committee desire to draw attention to the great difference there is between firms and individuals, who are large users of the telegraph and that the large body of the public who are not frequent users of it. In the case of the large firm or frequent user he probably receives many telegrams in the course of a day; he probably has agencies of business in many parts of the country and is sending and receiving telegrams many times daily. He is the firm or individual who for his own convenience to obtain secrecy and for the purposes of his business generally finds it to his advantage to register an abbreviated address, and from the correspondence and papers which the Committee have before it is clearly evidenced that the endeavour to force compulsory registration of an abbreviated address and to withhold telegrams bearing so called insufficient addresses, because they are unregistered has arisen from the omission of such a firm as described to register an abbreviated address.

But the Committee ask, is it just or fair that the large body of the public who are not frequent users of the telegraph and who because they do not expect to receive any telegrams would not register an abbreviated address, should be penalised by withholding delivery of their telegrams on a technical plea of insufficiency of address or to charge such persons an extra charge for delivery of their telegrams although the address may be quite sufficient to enable the telegram to be delivered without doubt, has arisen simply as the result of a controversy between the Telegraph Department and some large and frequent users of the telegraph who, it may be, have declined to register.

THE ALIPORE APPEALS.

Mr. Norton's Arguments Concluded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 5.

Mr, Norton yesterday finished his arguments for the Crown in the Alipore appeals and Counsel for the defence begins his reply.

SIMLA VOLUNTEERS.

Annual Prize Distribution.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

It is now settled that the annual distribution of prizes to the Simla Volunteers on 18th instant will be at Viceregal Lodge instead of in the Town Hall. Lord Minto presides and at the conclusion Their Excellencies will be "At Home" to the Volunteers and their friends.

SOLDIER'S DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LUCKNOW, OCTOBER 5.

The death has occurred at Hardoi from hydrophobia of a trooper, it is believed, of the Royal Dragoons, who was there on a visit. He was bitten about a month ago at Lucknow but failed to report the fact to any of his officers, as otherwise he would have been sent to Kasauli for treatment.

DACOITIES AT HARDOI.

Police Force Strengthened.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LUCKNOW, OCTOBER 5.

The Police force at Hardoi, it is reported, has been reinforced by a strong detachment of a armed Police and some Mounted Police from Lucknow. It is presumed to put down the dacoities and murderers that have been prevailing in the district, especially in the Shahabad Police circle.

THE question of improving the railway mail postal sorting service has been under discussion at a Conference at Poona of the Inspectors General of the Railway Mail Service which concludes its sittings to-day (Wednesday.)

IN the United Provinces the fall in poppy cultivation during the year 1908-09 is understood to be connected with the reduction in the exports of opium from this country.

THE three agricultural students, whom the Bombay Government have had under training at Cambridge, are expected to return to India very shortly. Two others have also gone through a course of training at the Pusa Agricultural College; while twenty-eight new students have also graduated in agriculture at the Poona College, of whom ten have been given employment in the Agricultural Department of the Presidency.

IT is possible that a large project for the establishment of a hospital for consumptives for all India may become an accomplished fact in course of time. The hill station of Almora, which has come into prominence lately as a suitable locality for the hospital, is not favoured by the authorities, as one of the chief difficulties believed to be insuperable there would be the obtainment of an adequate water supply at a reasonable cost.

THE LAHORE EXHIBITION.

Protest against Drink Selling.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, OCTOBER 5.

The Raja of Nabha has become a patron of the Lahore Exhibition and has contributed Rs. 200 towards its funds. The Rajas of Nahan and Poonch have also both become patrons, their subscriptions amounting to Rs. 1,100 each.

The Amritsar Temperance Society has addressed a letter to the members of the Committee of the Exhibition, expressing the opinion that the existence of a liquor-shop in the Exhibition is bound to have a demoralising effect on visitors to the Exhibition. The letter adds that the Exhibition being an Indian institution a very large majority of the visitors must be Indians and the agricultural portion of the Exhibition is bound to attract the whole province. It is a patent fact that the Punjab agriculturists, as a class, are simple minded people and the example set by the educated classes has generally a very far-reaching effect on the masses. Under the circumstances the placing of a liquor shop in any shape or form among such a vast concourse of people gathered together from all the four corners of the country will be a blot on the moral, religious and social condition of the Indian people. Of the comparatively small number of European visitors it may safely be said, that a goodly number would be as good teetotallers as Indians, and as to rest it may be presumed that looking to interests of such a vast majority they would readily forego the temptation for the very short time.

MURDER BY A BROTHER.

Accused Sentenced to Death.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
ALLAHABAD, OCTOBER 5.

Ali Raza, a Mohamadan zemindar and seven other persons, his servants and friends, were charged before Mr. C. Rustomji, Sessions Judge of Allahabad, with rioting and causing the death of Hasan Raza also a zemindar and brother of Ali Raza.

It appeared that on the 8th May, deceased was attacked by the accused in a guava grove on the road to the city and severaly beaten with lathis from the effects of which he died in hospital on the 17th May, death being due to a fracture of the skull. Evidence was adduced to show that there was great enmity between the two brothers on various matters which led to the murderous assault. The deceased made a dying declaration, implicating some of the accused. Passers by who witnessed the occurrence deposed to the attack and the identity of the accused.

The Sessions Judge found no case made of it against two of the accused and acquitted them, while the others were found guilty. Ali Raza, brother of the deceased, was sentenced to death and the five accused to transportation for life,

THE ANAND MARRIAGE BILL

Petition for Abandonment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, OCTOBER 5.

The Chief Secretary Khalsa Diwan, Lahore, has sent the following telegram to the Private Secretary to the Viceroy:—

"Khalsa Diwan, Lahore, the oldest registered Sikh Association and founder of the Khalsa College, has carefully considered and watched the progress of the proposed Anand Marriage Bill in the Imperial Legislative Council. We think that although the modifications made in the original draft are improvements, the Bill does not yet meet the actual requirements of the case and will always be found a source of unnecessary and sometimes ruinous litigation. It has already caused great irritation among different sections of the Sikh community which it is very desirable to stop. We, therefore, most humbly and respectfully beg you to kindly place our request before His Excellency and we hope that His Lordship will graciously be pleased to exercise his authority to drop the Bill which will set at rest all the conflicting interests."

ELECTIONS IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
ALLAHABAD, OCTOBER 5.

A *Pioneer* special cable, dated London, October 4, says:—Sir Charles Crosthwaite, in addressing a meeting on Saturday, said that we were introducing into India a system of election far in advance of the state of the country and the result must be a deal of trouble.

NATIONAL EDUCATION IN DACCA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
DACCA, OCTOBER 5.

A further meeting in support of National Education at Dacca was held at Narainganj last night. Messrs. Narindra Nath Dalta and Munmohan Bhattacharya were the principal speakers and another meeting will be held to-day at Munshiganj. The Dacca Bar has undertaken to find a considerable annual subscription, but with this exception the response so far has been small.

MR. SALKELD'S HEALTH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
DACCA, OCTOBER 5.

I regret to say that Mr. Salkeld, the special Magistrate has taken a turn for the worse and his condition now leaves room for but little hope.

THE German Colonial Minister has accepted the invitation of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce and the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine to a banquet to be given in his honour at Liverpool.

WITH reference to a story recently published of German waiters in England alleged to be organised for military purposes, it is interesting to learn from the "Petite Republique" that, in accordance with instructions from Paris, a large number of German women employed in the eastern district as barmaids have been served with writs of expulsion. The surveillance which has been exercised over them is stated to have shown that these women acted as informants to German spies.

THE NAGDA-MUTTRA RAILWAY.

Influence on Delhi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
ALLAHABAD, OCTOBER 5.

"The opening for through traffic of the Nagda-Muttra Railway will give the port of Bombay its long desired direct broad gauge route to Delhi, and may materially influence the course of trade," writes the *Pioneer*. "Bombay wil be placed in better position to compete with Karachi and Calcutta as regards the southern parts of the Punjab and the western Districts of the United Provinces, and at the same time the line will open out the Chambur Valley. Both in respect of import and export trade the new Railway will play an influential part, as the importance of Delhi as a great commercial centre has increased enormously of late years. The line from Nagda to Muttra has been constructed by State Agency, but is being worked provisionally by the Bombay Baroda Company. It was begun in 1905 and the section of 136 miles from Nagda to Kotah was opened last year. The section of about 204 miles from Kotah to Muttra was finished some months ago and through running along the whole 240 miles began on the 1st instant. The engineering work has been done on the most modern system and the Railway is equal to carrying a large amount of through traffic."

WEDDING AT SIMLA.

Jackson—Wapshare.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

A pretty military wedding took place in Simla to-day, when Captain Jackson, of the Army Headquarters Staff, was married to Miss Wapshare, daughter of Colonel Wapshare, Assistant Adjutant General. The ceremony was performed by Mr. Nicholls, assisted by Mr. Burn at Christ Church after which a reception was given by Colonel and Mrs. Wapshare at the "Myrtle," which had been lent for the occasion by the Hon'ble Mr. Miller. There was a very large and fashionable gathering present and the presents were valuable and numerous.

TRANSPORT "DONGOLA."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

The Transport "Dongola" from Southampton is expected to reach Bombay on the 19th inst., with drafts for the Royal Dragoons, the Lancaster, the Durhams, the West Kents, the Field Artillery, the 8th Hussars, also men returning from furlough and a number of women and children.

THIS YEAR'S MONSOON.

Official Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

The Meteorological Department to-day publish a report on the general conditions of the monsoon period, June to September past, which shows that the rainfall of India, as a whole, has been in excess of the normal by 6 per cent., the same amount as in the corresponding period of 1908. This, the Department states is the largest excess since 1894. The past monsoon, however, has been even more favourable than that of 1898 in that the concluding portion in September, which is always a critical period, was 4 per cent. more than in that year, while it was 39 per cent. more than in 1907. The monsoon retreated finally from Upper India on the 11th ultimo within three days of the normal date.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 4.

Colonel H. P. Leader, British Service, is appointed to be Assistant Adjutant-General, Rawalpindi Division, vice Colonel Money, vacated.

It is notified that orders recently issued at Home, notwithstanding credit, will be cried down in India on the first arrival of units at stations where they are to be quartered by public proclamation as heretofore.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned with effect from the ensuing trooping season, the provision in Indian transports of closed berths for third class families in place of open berth accommodation hitherto provided. The above arrangement will add materially to the comfort of families moving between India and the United Kingdom.

Closed berths will also be fitted in vessels of the Royal Indian Marine whenever British troops and their families are carried.

RAILWAY APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

Mr. Brown, Sub-Engineer, is appointed Assistant Engineer (Provincial Service), State Railways, and posted to the Nagda-Muttra Railway.

The Railway Board have sanctioned the provision of Stone's system of electric lights and fans in 1st and 2nd class carriages on the Broad and Metre gauge sections of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Mr. Hunter, appointed by the Secretary of State as a District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent is posted to the North-Western Railway.

Mr. McCowas, Assistant Engineer, is, on relief of his duties on the Zadabin-Chittagong Railway Survey, is transferred to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

COLONEL DUNLOP SMITH, will take up his appointment of Political Aide-de-Camp to the Secretary of State early in March.

THE Mysore Durbar contemplate an expenditure of some three lakhs during the year ending June, 1910, on account of new engines, rolling stock, etc. required for the open State railways in the province. An expenditure of Rs. 2,01,000 is also estimated and has been provided for by the Durbar for the year 1909-10 for the electric lighting scheme of Bangalore and Mysore cities.

ONE effect of the increased attention now being given by private enterprise to mineral exploitation in the Bombay Presidency has been a gradual swelling of the miscellaneous land revenue of the State, the operating cause being the fees paid for prospecting licenses and mining leases. In one district—Bijapur—the revenue mainly from this source is reported to have nearly trebled within a couple of years.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

NATIONALISATION OF THE RAILWAYS.

A Newspaper Theory.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 18.

The *Spectator* endeavours to furnish a reason for the proposed motor roads under the Development Bill by representing that Mr. Lloyd-George desires to nationalise the railways, and hopes ultimately to secure that end by encouraging motor traffic to compete with the railways. This, it is thought, will lesson the value of the railways and induce the shareholders to sell at an easy figure.

The Valuation of Land.

Lord Swaythling, Mr. Arthur Chamberlain, Sir Charles McLaren, Sir John Brunner, Mr. George Cadbury, and 53 other leading business men have signed a statement in favour of the valuation of land. They consider that a new basis of assessment is necessary in order to secure relief from the growing rates.

Morocco.

THE FATE OF THE PRETENDER.

French advices received from Fez state that Mulai Hafid, the Sultan of Morocco, was so enraged after receiving through the various Consuls the remonstrances of the Powers at his torture of prisoners, that he immediately ordered the execution of Buhamara, the Moroccan Pretender. Subsequently Buhamara was shot in the presence of the Imperial harem.

The German Navy.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* states that owing to a mistake in calculating the "Westphalen's" displacement, Germany's first Dreadnought, was unable to sail down the Weser to the North Sea. She has returned to Bremen, where it will probably be necessary to discharge her armaments.

Imperial Rifle Shooting Trophy.

The rifle shooting competition for the Earl of Meath's Imperial trophy, resulted as follows:—First, English School Boys, 1,021; second, Natal, 1,014; third, Victoria, 981; fourth, New Zealand (North Island), 901; fifth, Tasmania, 862; seventh, Western Australia, 851; eighth, New Zealand (South Island), 801; eleventh, Queensland, 696; and twelfth, New South Wales, 690.

KHANDALA NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
KHANDALA, OCTOBER 3.

THE Khandala season is opening up gradually. The place looks its best after the rains wish everything green and refreshing on all sides. The Convalescent Home was the first to open its doors on the 15th of last month. The European invalid troops arrive to-day. H. H. the Gaikwar of Baroda, comes up on the 8th instant and will occupy a portion of of the Khandala Hotel. The station is to have two more hotels as if the two already in existence are not enough. They are the Dukes Retreat Hotel charmingly situated and the King Edward Hotel overlooking the stream running close by, and lately in the occupation of the Hamilton Hotel, which has been removed to Mr. Nanabhoy's bungalows on the hill facing the railway station.

At last Khandala has come under Municipal protection, but not much talking is allowed for reasons best known to the new Municipal Corporation! The way the roads are looked after, and the rubbish about the bazaar, etc., cleared away, speaks well for its new President, Mr. Carvalho, who is also Superintendent of Lanowli and Khandala. The question of water supply for the station, independent of the Bushy Talao in Lanowli, is attracting the attention of the new City Fathers, and is a big job to be tackled. The rainfall this year has been a record one for Khandala, registering over 220 inches and promises well for a bumper crop, if only the closing rains—the "Natbi" showers, as they are called, will give the finishing touch to the "bath" which is looking healthy. The third class passengers arriving and leaving Khandala have much to bless the present G. T. M. who has very thoughtfully provided them with a "first-class" waiting room within the station.

Formerly they had no protection from sun or rain. The old stationmaster, who has earned all these years the good will of the public, and even of the military officials, is still here ready to lend a willing hand to every one.

MEETING OF PROPERTY OWNERS AT MALABAR HILL.

THE minds of owners of bungalows at Malabar Hill have been greatly exercised within the last few days in consequence of a notice served upon about nineteen landlords, intimating to them the intention of Government to purchase their properties. It is believed that Government will pay the estimated values of the buildings, but they will pay nothing for the land on which they stand. It was stated in the notice that the bungalows were required for public purposes. Government, in answer to enquiries made by certain landlords, stated that they were required for the residence of Government officials; and the important question has arisen whether that object could be included in the expression "public purposes." A preliminary meeting was therefore held on Sunday last in Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal's bungalow in Narayen Dabulker Street, Malabar Hill, to consider what steps should be taken in the matter. Among those present were Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal, Babu Jivanlalji Pooranmall, Mr. Sulleman Cassum Mitha, Mr Vasantram Narayen Dabulker, Mr. Dwarkadas Gordhandas, Mr. Jivandas Lulloobhoy, Mr. Sorabji Kanga, etc.

It was at first suggested that a petition should be made to Government, especially to the Government of such a liberal-hearted and just Governor like Sir George Clarke; but after some discussion, it was resolved that the opinions of two counsel at Bombay, two in Calcutta, and two in London should be taken as to whether Government had a right to force the sale of the bungalows. It was mentioned that Government would take up one or two test cases, the discussion in which would govern the other cases, Babu Jivanlalji said that they should fight the test case with all their strength, and if necessary, go even to the Privy Council in vindication of their just rights. It was found that the owners of all the bungalows served with notices were not present at the meeting, which was therefore adjourned. All those who had received notices are to be invited to attend the adjourned meeting.

A DISASTROUS fire took place in the Lucknow cantonments on Sunday night when the house occupied by Captain Moriari, R.A.M.C., in Tomb's road, was burnt down. The fire, which is said to have been caused by a fire balloon falling on the thatched roof, commenced at 8 p.m. and an hour and a half later the entire building was gutted. Everything of value had, however, been removed with the aid of the troops who were early on the scene.

PRIVATE European enterprise has taken up the sheep-breeding industry at Haldwani, where a grant of land on favourable terms has been secured from the United Provinces Government for the starting of a sheep farm. The concession of free grazing for a certain number of years has also been allowed by the authorities.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

AMATEURISM IN SPORT.

Turf Topics.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, SEPTEMBER 17.

IT seems to be impossible to get away from the amateur question. Just at present there are "ructions" in the cycling world, and some critics declare that not five per cent. of the men riding as amateurs in England really deserve the title. The writer would be sorry to feel the situation is quite as bad as that, nevertheless it stands to reason young fellows, whose earnings are well known, cannot go racing all over the country without "getting a bit" towards expenses. Many cycling legislaters agree with the writer that the way to bring about pure amateurism, is to cater for those who wish to compete for money, so winnowing out the chaff from the wheat. It is the Amateur Association, however, which is the stumbling block in the way of genuine amateurism. The National Cyclist Union would gladly do more for professionals, but for the policy of the body governing athletics, which prefers to countenance make-believe amateurism, rather than open professionalism. This may seem harsh criticism of gentlemen, who really mean well, and try in their own way to purify athletics. Most of them, however, belong to the old school, and apparently cannot grasp that the social standing of the majority of runners now-a-days is very different from the time they were competing. Strong efforts have been made to stamp out betting at sports in England, with the esult that several old-established meetings have gone to the wall, while the "gates" at others have sadly diminished. It was possible to back a runner to win hundreds of pounds at some amateur meetings a few years ago, but those days have gone by, and what little wagering takes place now, has to be conducted very quietly. Some people look on betting with horror, but the writer has never been able to see any great harm in an athlete backing himself to win. The trouble comes in when a man backs someone else, and does not try himself. If, money prizes were given, however, there would be more chance of stamping out betting, as athletes could get something towards expenses by trying. It costs money to take part in sports and pastimes, and with the artesan class entering into all games more largely every year (which is good for the nation) it constantly grows more difficult to keep up a high standard of amateurism in these pastimes, wherein the professional is not properly catered for, and consequently induced to go into his proper class.

WALKER RUNS FAST.

R. E. Walker has been showing the Germans how fast he can sprint, and he put in two capital performances at Berlin on Sunday. After winning the 100 metres (109'3 yards) handicap in 11secs., he secured the scratch race at the same distance in 10 4-5 secs., which equals the time he accomplished when winning the Olympic sprint. The little South African has done a lot of running during the past eighteen months and he would probably be wise to think about a good rest. He has not been favoured with ideal conditions, for we have had a wretched summer, save for two weeks in August, or no doubt he would have shown us some faster times.

CARTMELL GOING FOR RECORD.

The English athletic season will virtually close on the 25th September, when the London A. C. futumn sports will claim attention. A feature at the fixture will be N. J. Cartmell's attack on the English 300 yards amateur record which stands at 31 2-5secs. and is held jointly by A. R. Downer and C. G. Wood. It is a poor record, when compared with B. J. Wefer's 30 3-5secs., (American amateur best) and H. Hutchens' 30secs., which stands as world's professional best. Nor does it seem much when one contemplates the 24 4-5 secs. for 250 yards by E. H. Pelling (amateur) at Stamford Bridge in 1888. It is on this track, that Cartmell will make his attempt and though he will have a stringed course to himself, the condition will not be so favourable as when Pelling set up his record. The latter was made over a straight course, and the path was firm. Cartmell must run around a turn, and the modern Stanford Bridge track is too loose to be very fast, as it lacks binding material.

A SUCCESSFUL ATHLETE.

Although A. J. Robertson just failed to win a race at the championship, he has probably secured more "firsts" this season than any other distance runner. He has recently added to his laurels by winning several events in Sweden, which included a "mile" in 4 mins. 26 1-5secs. and the covering of 11 miles 324 yards in 60 mins. These are good performances, and when Robertson, Wood and Coales come together in the three miles inter club race at Stamford Bridge on Sept. 25th, we ought to see a great struggle.

INTERNATIONAL BOXING.

Although H. Piet of France had to strike his colours to F. Welsh recently, he proved himself a game and clever boxer. In consequence he did not lack supporters, when he entered the ring against Dick Lee of London for their twenty rounds contest at Mountain Ash, on Monday. They had an incentive in the shape of a £300 (1,500 dollars) purse, in addition to a stake of £100 aside, to say nothing about the honour. The Frenchman has improved considerably, and doing by far the better work (in which he paid great attention to his rival's kidneys) he had well earned the award at the end of the contest.

THE TURF.

It would afford genuine satisfaction should the King head the list of winning owners, but unless Princesse de Galles brings off a surprise in the Jockey Club Stakes, this is unlikely. Mr. Fairie shows the way at present, with over £26,000 to his credit. His Majesty not yet having reached 20,000 and Bayardo ought certainly to swell Mr. Fairie's total before the curtain is rung down on the flat-racing season at Manchester in November.

DANNY MAHER.

Those misguided people, who profess to think visitors get no show in England, would profit by a chat to Danny Maher, the talented American jockey, who is such a general favourite with home sportsmen. "Danny" was in rare form last week, when he scored eight times, raising his total to 80, so that he ought to again turn the century, should he ride until the end of the season. The impression has got around that Maher will retire after this year, but this is not correct. He intends "getting up" in 1910, though should he find wasting too great a task, he will give up jockeyship for the joys and cares of training, and at which Maher ought to do well.

FAVOURITES.

Pure Gem and Rushcutter find considerable favour for the Cesarewitch, while Siberia is another, which has been well supported. The mare is certainly well in, and if she goes to the post fit and well will take a lot of stopping. Simon's Pride appears to be the first choice for the Cambridgeshire at present, while the quotation of twenties (early in the week) about Mediant ought to tempt many.

SURPRISES AT LONGCHAMPS.

French sportsmen were considerably surprised at the result of the Prix Royal Oak at Longchamps, on Sunday, which went to Monsieur A. Aumont's Aven after a great struggle with Nagfold (the French Derby winner), while Verdun, the favourite, was unplaced. This looks as though Baron M. Rothschild's colt has been overworked and he has certainly had a hard season, as shown by his winnings of over £28,000 (140,000 dollars) another big event at the meeting was the Omnium Handicap—known as the French Cesarewitch which provided an easy victory for Margarite, Monsieur J. Trarieure's filly being nicely ridden by F. O'Neil, the young American jockey, who steered Mediant to victory in the English successes.

BOXING.

When H. Piet of Paris met Fred Welsh at mountain Ash recently, he was up against one of the very best boxers in the business, and he lost no reputation, though defeated. The Frenchman was seen to better advantage against Dick Lee of London, on Monday, when the pair met, in what was a return match, at Mountain Ash. From the call of time, until the end of the twenty rounds, the advantage rested with the visitor, who well deserved the verdict and he is a much improved boxer and will, still further, profit through his forthcoming tour in the United States. Our little men all recognise that there is more than dollars to be gained by a trip across the Atlantic, and they are rapidly learning that clever footwork, headwork, etc., is not of much use unless allied to aggressiveness, and the ability to hit hard. After Ian Hague beat Gunner Moir, the writer suggested that the winner would do well to place himself under a good American manager, Charley Harvey, (the one time famous athletic announcer, would be just the man) for eighteen months, and which might possibly lead to the Yorkshireman taking the highest honours. Sam Langford, and also an authority on the "Sporting Life," have since suggested the same, but Hague has made no sign of following the advise, which is a pity. One can hardly expect an American manager to be in a hurry to help Hague win the world's championship; all the same it might be worth the while of a clever judge to exploit the Middlesborough man, providing he has the inclination to be exploited.

FOOTBALL.

Though the football season is yet young, we have had some surprising results. A big one on Saturday was the defeat of Newcastle United (League Champions) by Notts Forest on the ground of the former, the score being 2 goals to 1. The "Forest" has won all three games so far and like Aston Villa, secured the highest possible number of points. Manchester United actually head the list with 3 wins and a draw, 7 points, while the other unbeaten First League teams are Sunderland and Sheffield United. One of the most important matches on Saturday was the visit of Manchester United to Tottenham Hotspur, which attracted 35,000 spectators. This was the first home match of the "Spurs" since they entered the First League and it gave them their initial point of the season, though they hardly deserved to draw.

The Scottish League matches, on Saturday, also produced a big surprise, for Celtic went under (2—1) on visiting Greenock Morton. The losing team contains many veterans, and at last it looks as though age is telling. Greenock Morton head the table with 9 points for 7 games, and are to be congratulated on their fine showing this season.

CRICKET.

The Australians completed their engagements at Hastings this week, when they had the better of a low scoring game (drawn) with a very second rate South of England XI. The match produced some excellent bowling performances, Whitty taking 5 wickets for 56 runs and Armstrong 6 for 44 on behalf of Australia, while Douglas, of the many initials, secured 7 for 75 for the South. Another feature of the match was that it enabled Bardsley to reach his 2000 runs, and he is the only Australian to gain this distinction. No doubt the visitors were sorry not to have finished up with a win, and the defeat at Scarborough, last Saturday, was another blot on their record. This was the fourth defeat of their tour, Lord Londesborough's English XI winning by 133 runs, which was greatly due to fine bowling by Carr, 4 for 78, and Rhodes, 2 for 30, towards the finish.

The Australians have had a successful tour, for after a moderate start, they won 2, draw 2 and lost 1 of the tests, and finished up with a record of 13 wins, 4 defeats and 21 draws for the whole of the game played.

KENT vs. ENGLAND.

Four days were allotted for the important Championship County vs. Rest of England match at the Oval this week. No play was possible on Monday, and the pitch was dead when Rhodes and Denton opened the batting for the Rest. The former played splendid cricket for his 78, while P. F. Warner (captain) who only went in sixth, obliged with a capital 70, so his Territorial training has not harmed his cricket. Kent went in when the sun had affected the pitch and it was no wonder the total stopped at 151, Bukenham taking 4 wickets for 24 and Thompson 4 for 38. Being 176 runs behind, Kent had to follow on, when Humphreys, 56, and A. P. Day 57 not out, made a capital start, putting on 110 for the first wicket, while the score stood at 132 for 3 wickets at the end of the third day. As rain made further play impossible, Kent had a lucky escape.

IN GENERAL.

It is reported that Paul Guignard, paced by Hoffman of America, has ridden 101 kilometres 622 metres (62 miles 1,340 yards) in one hour at Munich, which, if authentic, will supplant A. E. Will's record.

C. H. Mayo and W. E. Reed tied for the Midland Professional Golf tournament cup on Wednesday, each totalling 149, but the former won on playing off.

The Welsh water-polo players defeated their Irish rivals by 8 goals to 4 in the international match at Llwynypia this week.

The Annerley Cycling Clubs 100 miles race at the Crystal Palace on Saturday, enabled B. H. Horgan to create new tricycle records from 40 to 100 miles, his time for the latter being 4 hours 26 mins 57 secs.

J. H. Taylor, the open champion, broke the course record this week by going round in 67 strokes.

CATHOLICS AND CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Although people are familiar with the tone of latent intolerance which is occassionally heard in the Roman Catholic Church, I hope you will permit me, in the cause of education, to say something on the sermon preached by the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay at the Rosary Church, Mazagon, last Sunday. His Grace is reported to have preached an eloquent sermon on the duty of Catholics to send their children to Catholic schools, and he also vehemently denounced those who send their children to non-Catholic schools.

I do not know what effect this "eloquent" sermon had on the worthy parishoners of that Church, especially, when at its termination, they were asked to make a collection for a purse to be presented to the distinguished preacher. But it seems to me that His Grace only consulted a one-sided interest when he made such a pronouncement. It matters little what real benefits the parents may derive by following such a sectarian course, so long that the end of the Church is served. It does not seem to have struck the good prelate that the parents may have good reasons and every interest in sending their children to schools, which from their point of view impart the best education, whatever may be their demonination; that many parents do not mind the creed of the school provided the education given is sound and capable of moulding the future of their children; that we are now living in an age of progress, and it is the duty of parents to see that their children are trained in the best possible manner in order to enable them to fight the battle of life successfully; and that Catholic schools are not necessarily the best schools to be found.

Now, a Catholic school may certainly be a good one, but the parents ought to have the freedom of their own choice, and the exercise of their judgment in this as in other matters; unless, it is conceded that a Catholic is an individual incapable of acting on his own judgment and wisdom, and that in most questions the priest must guide and advise him. Many Catholics may be quite contented with the education their children get in Catholic schools. At the same time, it cannot be denied that there are others who are not so. They rightly or wrongly lament that in such schools, if they are Indian Christians, their children are not treated with the same consideration as European or Eurasian children are; that the aims of the teachers are to make religious devotees first, and educated men after; that they are more anxious to see their children acquire real knowledge and make real progress instead of such questions as the Infallibility of the Pope, the Immaculateness of Mary, the virtues of scapulars and rosaries, and the potency of St. Anthony as a celestial advocate.

From a priestly point of view these people may be wrong. But Catholics ought to have all the same, an opinion of their own as other mortals. A priest may, of course, have the greatest reasons and the liveliest interest in insisting on a perfect knowledge of these sublime questions, and may not consider an education as sound, unless it embodies all this "mysterious" knowledge, so dear to his heart. But a parishioner has every right to express his opinion on the point and on the merit of such knowledge, and to choose otherwise if he thinks fit. My children were for three years in a Roman Catholic school. Though kindly treated they made no progress. I sent them to a Protestant school and I soon became quite satisfied with their advancement. There are others who may have had the same experience. Why then should a Catholic not be free to act as he thinks best? Why denounce him when he does no crime? The education of children is the most serious business a parent has to face, and he is a very unwise person who allows himself to be influenced by interested parties, especially if the arrangement does not suit him and is not to his advantage.

Spiritual leaders are fond of telling us that they are very liberal in their views. No doubt a certain change has come over some of them. We seldom hear of denouncement or threats of hell fire or other imaginary evils to those who differ from them, or who dare to question their views. Many of them have wisely come to recognize that a creed which is afraid of another is a shaky one; that enlightenment is progressing in spite of priestly interference and narrow-mindedness; and that intolerance and bigotry do not advance the cause of a creed though it may keep the adherents in a backward state for generations.

PATER-FAMILIAS.

MURDERS IN BOMBAY.

Moghul Girl Stabbed.

SUICIDE OF THE MURDERER.

MR. G. F. CHALK, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquiry touching the death of Cadur the Mahomedan who stabbed Malika Sultan, daughter of Mr. Mahomed Jaffer Shustri, a Moghul merchant, living in Grant Road, and afterwards mortally wounded himself.

The circumstances under which the murder and the suicide were committed have already been reported.

The bodies were identified and the following evidence was recorded:—

Aga Mahomed Hussein Shustri identified Malika's body and said she was his sister's daughter and she lived in the same house as the witness with her parents.

Kulsam, who was a friend of the murderer, identified his body and said she left him about six months ago and since then he had been annoying her and following her. On that account the witness changed her residence and took service with the father of the deceased girl Malika, about a month and a half ago. Some ten days ago Cadur went to her master's house and created a disturbance and demanded a "sari" which he said he had given her. He was turned out from the compound by one Mahomed Hoosein, and left in a temper.

Dhana, the ayah in charge of the deceased child, said she was in the service of Aga Mahomed Jaffer Shustri, father of Malika, and lived at Grant Road. On Tuesday at about 6 p.m. witness was standing near the gate of her master's bungalow with his youngest daughter Djiba Sultan in her arms. While she was standing Cadur came from behind and pulled the head of the child back with one hand, and with the other hand cut the child's lip and shoulder with the big butcher's knife produced. Witness' sari and other clothes were besmeared with the child's blood. Witness tried to snatch the knife away, and in doing so she received cuts in the fingers of her left hand. Witness screamed when Jamasji Naoroji come towards her and the murderer turned on Jamasji with the knife. Jamasji ran away and brought a stick from the London hotel. Malika who was playing on the footpath near the gate, hearing witness' screams and seeing the deceased murderer, came towards the witness and asked why did he strike. Seeing her, the murderer ripped her stomach open with the same knife and then ran into her father's compound followed by Jamasji with the stick and others. Malika fell at the blow. Witness went into the bungalow with the child she was carrying in her arms. Witness did not see what the murderer did after he came into the compound. The last witness Kulsam and witness wore similar saris. Witness then corroborated Kulsam in her statement regarding the accused's visit to the bungalow about ten days ago.

Jamasji Naoroji, Manager, London Hotel, said the hotel was next door to the bungalow of the father of the deceased girl, Malika. On Tuesday at about 6 p.m. witness was seated on a chair outside the hotel, reading a book. Witness subsequenty heard a scream raised by Dhana and on turning round saw the murderer Cadur with the knife. Witness saw the baby and the ayah bleeding from injuries. Witness went towards Cadur when the latter turned on him with the knife up-lifted. Seeing this, witness went into the hotel for a stick. When witness got to the door he saw Mr. Barwell standing at the door with a stick. Witness took the stick from him. As witness turned with the stick towards Cadur witness saw the latter rip up the deceased child Malika with the knife. Malika was about two or three paces from the ayah Dhana. The child fell at the blow. Cadur then ran into the compound of the deceased girl's father. Witness ran after him with others. When he was cornered, witness saw him stab himself in the stomach once or twice and then he threw the knife away, reeled and fell. He looked furious and like a mad man.

Dr. Whittenbury, House Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, described the injuries and wounds.

The jury returned a verdict to the effect that Malika was murdered by Cadur and that the latter had committed suicide.

SUSPECTED FOUL PLAY.

Early yesterday morning the Police were informed that Gopal Pandu, (25) a Hindu, had been found dead in a room in a chawl in Kolbhat Wadi, Kalbadevi Road. The deceased had a quarrel with another Hindu and they were seen fighting until midnight. The police have made an arrest and inquiries are in progress.

CUTTING HIS WIFE'S THROAT.

Dhanu (22), a Hindu coal-labourer, is alleged to have cut the throat of his wife Suganda (15), with a butcher's knife when she was lying asleep on Monday night. She cried out and the neighbours ran to the scene. The man was arrested. She was removed to the hospital where she is progressing favourably. The pair, it is said, had lived happily, but on account of some quarrel they had in the evening the man lost his temper and committed the murderous assault.

DEATH OF MR. P. J. PADSHAW.

Reference Made in the High Court.

WE regret to announce the untimely death of Mr. Pestonji Jamaspji Padshaw, Barrister-at-Law, which occurred at his residence in Navsari Chambers, Bombay. He was one of the leading members of the Bombay Bar and was highly respected for his legal lore both by the Bench and the Bar. He was a Master of Arts of the Bombay University and had carried away all the chief University prizes and scholarships. He first began his practice at Karachi and after a few years' successful career, he returned to the Bombay High Court where he came to the front rank in a remarkably short time.

Reference was made to his death in the High Court when Mr. Rao, the Government Pleader, informed the Chief Justice that it was his painful duty to mention it to the Court that Mr. P G Padshaw was dead.

The Chief Justice said:—I am very sorry to hear of his death. Mr. Padshaw was one of the best counsel on the original side. He was one of those counsel who always gave great assistance to the Court. I am sure he will be very much regretted as much by the litigant public as by the Bar and the Bench.

Mr. Rao having replied in suitable terms, Mr. Tarachand said: Will your Lordship allow me to join in the expressions that have fallen from your Lordship and Mr. Rao.

At about 5-10 the Prothonotary informed Mr. Justice Davar of the sad news of the death of Mr. Padshaw. Simultaneously Mr. Bahadurji who was addressing the Court said that he had heard the distressing news.

Mr. Justice Davar said: I had only heard yesterday that he was getting better. I have missed him ever since he had been absent owing to illness and now this very sad news tells us that we must miss him for ever.

The Court then rose saying that cases would be continued on Thursday.

The Prothonotary also informed Mr. Justice Chandavarkar who was sitting on the Appellate side with Mr. Justice Batchelor of this sad news.

Mr. Justice Chandavarkar adressing Mr. Weldon said: "Mr. Weldon, we have heard with very deep regret the news of the death of one of the most valued members of the Bar, Mr. Pestanji Padshaw. I feel the loss all the more because he was one of my valued friends and I had a very great regard for his ability, culture and his amiable disposition. He was admired by the Bench for his knowledge of law. He used to get up his cases most carefully and he enjoyed the confidence of all the Judges before whom he appeared, because he was above all pettiness and was straight forward and fair in the conduct of his cases. The Bar has lost in him one of its most respected and valued members."

Mr. Weldon having joined in the expression of regret his Lordship said: Out of respect for his memory, the Court will now rise.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed. Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

EAST AND WEST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I cannot say I am at all diffident in replying to T. A.'s masterly comments on what he supposes to be a "gem." There is only one or two points (perhaps) which deserve any remark: and these I regret to say, are not "gems." I take this opportunity of congratulating him on his "variety" which, by the way, is denied to the Oriental, according to T. A.'s "incontrovertible" observations. I said in my last letter that the "same population would certainly admit the intellectual superiority of the coloured man. Metaphorically used "Sane" is synonymous with the terms "level-headed" and "unbiassed." It is a moment of supreme regret that T. A. is so filled with the "white man's" superiority that he fails to appreciate metaphors. I feel touched by T. A.'s contrition: at his mutilation of facts, when calling the Japs a "northern race." I think T. A. will admit that superior pugilism (which is not a very elevating gift) is quite distinct from the science of warfare, in which, I certainly never admitted the "white man's" superiority. Though Japan, true, did not give up the war from an impulse of humanity, she can certainly say that she gave the greatest white nation—a merciless thrashing, and by the way—no white nation would, I suppose, call Russia's defeat a "glorious one." Your correspondent, though apparently not a "Carlylejee," would, I am certain, get all the information he needs were he to consult "Channingjee." But, my dear sir, I need not take up any more of your space. At the same time, permit me to adjure you with T. A. not to be so unkind as to say, "This correspondence must cease." Though I have no hopes of extracting "gems" from T. A.'s masterly permanship, allow me to remind you with T. A. that "stuffs" calling forth the best intelligence of man (the puglistic masters especially) are always amusing and edifying to the epicurean public.

In conclusion, let me say, that it would be beyond my calling to brand your contrite correspondent as "illiterate or coarse."

The allusion I made use of was meant purely for the Tommy Atkins.—Yours, &c.,

J. S. K. ROY.

TRAMWAY STOPPING PLACES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—May I suggest the desirability of fixing the distances of the existing halting stations of the tramcars at greater intervals than at present? I recollect that the public, at first, considered it inconvenient to walk up to the stations marked by the Tramway Company, but, having been all along accustomed to the horse tram which could be made to stop at the whim of every passenger, it is not a surprise that they in the beginning resented this innovation.

The new experience, however, has taught us that the position of the existing stations makes the drive in the tram far more inconvenient than of old, not because one has to walk a little to the station, but because the distance between two stations is very short, and the stoppages in consequence are too frequent. As will be remembered, the old horse tram rarely came to a dead halt, except to pick up or drop lady passengers, but the new tram has to halt at every station, whether there is a passenger or not. The result is that the drive in the former, with its continuous motion, though slow in itself, was more enjoyable than it is in the latter.

That it is impossible to revert to the old arrangement we all know. Neither is it desirable to do so. What we would wish for is that the stations be extended to greater lengths than they are at present, and the stoppages reduced. By this arrangement, however, one will have to walk a few yards more than he now does but the advantages derived from it will be two-fold. The drive will be a pleasant one, and the journey much more expeditious than at present. Surely a minute or two's walk should be nothing in comparison with the advantages mentioned above. Last, but not least, it will be a boon to the driver and the conductor whose work has unnecessarily increased by these frequent stoppages.

In these circumstances, I think the travelling public will be highly pleased if the Tramway Company can see their way, now that the monsoon is nearly over, (for in the monsoon special arrangements may be made if necessary), to extend the stopping stations to, if not double, at least some reasonable distance, so as to remove the inconvenience they are at present put to by those frequent and vexatious stoppages.—Yours, etc.,

PASSENGER.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT "ROHILLA."

The hired Transport "Rohilla," Captain J. Smith, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Southampton, which port she left on the 16th September and called at Portsaid and Suez. She brought drafts of different regiments and details, consisting of 81 officers, 18 ladies and 2 children; 24 warrant officers, 19 women, and 23 children; 1247 non-commissioned officers and men, 77 women and 52 children.

The following are the names of the Officers:—

Major C L McNab, in Command, 1st Rl Sussex
Major C R Elliott, R A M C In Med Charge
Capt C G Higgins, 1st Ox and Bucks
Major J K Todd, 7th H Lancers
Major R C Stephen, 14th Hus
Major W D Ingle
Capt L E O Charlton, DSO, 1st Lanc Fus
Capt L Russell, 2nd E Lancs
Capt D McLeod, 2nd Gor High
Capt T A Pollock Morris, 1st HLI
Capt F Saunders, MWS
Capt A M Addison, RFA
Capt R P Miles, S of Gym
Capt C H T Lucas, 2nd Rl Berks
Capt G W Hay, 2nd E Lancs
Lieut and Riding Master T A Sims, RFA
Lieut and Qr-Mr T Jones, 1st Dragoons
Lieut J W Parrington, RFA
Lieut J R Heelis, 1st Manch
Lieut P W Phillips 2nd Rl Welsh Fus
Lieut W R Galway, RAMC
Lieut M J A Jaurdien, 2nd E Surrey
Lieut A Fortescue, RAMC
Lieut W G Aviss, RAMC
Lieut D B McGregor, RAMC
Lieut A Hendry, RAMC
Lieut J A Renshaw, RAMC
Lieut R G S Gregg, RAMC
Lieut J A Lloyd, RAMC
Lieut J B Hartwell, 4th Gur Rifles
Lieut F H Kisch, R E
Qr Mr and Hon Lieut W Ennis 1st Border
Lieut A Robertson, ISMQ
Lieut R P Tweedy, 2nd Rl Hrs
2nd Lieut W D Vyvyan, 2nd Shrops
2nd Lieut A F Chater, RE
2nd Lieut M S Selby-Smyth, 2nd Rifle Brigade
2nd Lieut W D Bush, 4th Worcester
2nd Lieut W S Caulfield, 2nd Leinster
2nd Lieut L A Deane, 2nd E Lancs
2nd Lieut G Selwyn, 1st S Lancs
2nd Lieut J R Guild, 1st Gloucs
2nd Lieut B A Lousada, 1st Rl Sussex
2nd Lieut J D Mackenzie, E Surrey.
2nd Lieut R H Ferguson, 1st Rl Mun Fus
2nd Lieut J G Fagan, 2nd E Surrey
2nd Lieut F M Davenport 1st Ox and Bucks
2nd Lieut J M Courtis, 1st Ox and Bucks
2nd Lieut G J Townsend, 1st Worces
2nd Lieut R A Thomson, 1st North
2nd Lieut C T Warner, 1st S Lancs
2nd Lieut A E Gayer, 2nd E Lancs
2nd Lieut B C Lousada, 1st Y and Lancs
2nd Lieut F S Wye, R F A
2nd Lieut D C Hamilton, Johnston, 2nd Rl Hrs
2nd Lieut W G S Mitchell, 1st H L I
2nd Lieut V H Hardy, 1st Y and L
2nd Lieut A C Holme, 1st Gloucs
2nd Lt P Penn, 2nd R I Fus
2nd Lt S J Lovegrove, 2nd N Staff
2nd Lt H L Cooper, 1 Rl Sussex
2nd Lt H E de R Wetherell 1st Gloucester
2nd Lt H Q Irwin, 1st Con Rangers
2nd Lt W D Lawson, 2nd Leinster
2nd R P Pomer, 2nd Rl Irish Fus
2nd Lt E M Townshend, 2nd N Staffs
2nd Lt A W B Gompart 2nd N Staffs
2nd Lt E W Benson, 2nd Chesh
2nd Lt S C B Mundey, 1st Ox and Bucks
2nd Lt B J Atkin, 1st Manch
2nd Lt C A Raynor, Unatt List
2nd Lt G S Rogers, Unatt List
2nd Lt G W Anderson, 1st S Lncs
2nd Lt G T D Wells, R I M
Rev J E H Williams, Chaplain
Rev Dr F Adeling, Chaplain
N sister A W Jose, Q A I M
do A B Sowry, do
do E Dames do
do G E Furdet, do

THE following are the names of officers' wives who arrived also in the "Rohilla"—Mrs McNab, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs Higgins, Mrs Russell, Mrs McLeod, Mrs Miles, Mrs Jones and 2 children, Mrs Galwey, Mrs Ennis, Mrs and 3 Misses St John, Mrs Turner.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 88, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY ROVERS' TOURNAMENT.

Lincolns vs. King's Own Regiment.

THE replayed tie between these teams in the second round of the tournament proved a fast and open game. Both sets of forwards were very speedy and in the open played excellent football. Near the goal, however, many mistakes were made on both sides, and consequently, although the match contained plenty of interest, the scoring produced only one goal. This went to the King's Own, who quite deserved their win, as in the second half they were distinctly the better team. The Lincolns had the better of the game at the start, but their forwards repeatedly made the mistake of passing too far forward and so allowed the ball to get beyond control. The King's Own made occasional dashes to the other end, but neither side looked to be in a scoring mood. Goulden centred the ball prettily from the King's Own left wing, but Ashworth's slowness brought the back on him and Dromey got the ball away at the other end. Parsons slipped away with Stokes close behind him, but Hughes ran out and cleared cleverly. The King's Own were now doing better and getting a fair share of the game. Goulden got past the half nicely, but spoiled a good opening with a weak shot. At the other end Marklew headed in smartly, but a little wider shooting, particularly of the King's Own, was weak and at half-time there had been no score.

The game was still fair and open, when it was resumed in the second half. Ashworth of the King's Own put in a long high shot which Smith saved well. No one was up to take a centre from Moss and the Lincolns left going away at a great pace, Drake was well tackled by Walsh who kicked out. The King's Own forwards were now passing nicely, but Ashworth slightly over-ran the ball when going well and missed his shot badly. At the other end, Hughes raced well from a corner kick. The King's Own were now playing up well and Moss, beating the back, looked all like scoring but his shot struck the upright. Ashworth got a nice pass from Holmes, but shot high over the bar with an open goal before him, and at the King's Own end a good centre by Parkinson went right across the ground without being taken. Smith, the Lincoln goalkeeper, well saved a hot shot from Cassidy. Hughes also, with three Lincoln forwards on him, cleverly got the ball clear, but a minute later a fine long shot from Ralph just under the cross bar, completely beat Smith and gave the King's Own the lead. Time was called in about two minutes with the score unaltered. Result:—

King's Own	1
Lincolns	0

TEAMS.

Lincolns—Goal: Smith; backs: Butters and Dromey; halves: Jackson, Wickham, and Greatorex: forwards: Parkinson, Parsons, Ratcliffe, Marklew and Drake.

King's Own—Goal: Hughes; backs: Walsh and Stokes; halves: Carney, Ralph and Brown: forwards: Moss, Holmes, Ashworth, Cassidy and Goulden.

There was no team race and the next is fixed for to-morrow (Thursday) evening.

THE AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

Match against Cochrane's Eleven.

BARDSLEY, 143 NOT OUT.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 18.

THE feature of yesterday's play in the match at Bray, Wicklow, between the Australian cricketers and Mr. Cochrane's team, was the splendid batting of Bardsley, who carried his bat through the innings for 143. He was very strong on the leg side.

Bardsley and McAlister opened the innings in capital style, and the Victorian had 35 to his credit before he mistimed a ball from Hayes, and was caught by Tarrant. Hartigan was run out before he had scored and Ransford was caught for five. The attack was distinctly strong, as the bowlers included Buckenham, Barnes, Smith, Hayes, Tarrant, and Quaife. Vogler, the South African bowler, was also included in Cochrane's Eleven, but in view of the coming matches between South Africa and Australia it was arranged that he should not bowl. After McAlister's dismissal none of the Australians but Bardsley did very much, and the innings closed just before time for 271. Quaife and Barnes each secured four wickets, but the Staffordshire man was the more expensive.

Cochrane's team opened with Captain Wynyard and Baker, but the latter was bowled by Cotter without scoring. Stedman came next, and with the score at 7 for one wicket stumps were drawn for the day.

The game was resumed to-day in delightful weather, 2,000 spectators being present. The wicket was still in good order. With the score at 16 only Stedman was bowled by O'Connor. (2—7—16.)

Wynyard and Hobbs then made a splendid stand, the Surrey professional hitting with power and confidence, and reaching his 50 in 75 minutes. Cotter strained his knee after sending down seven overs. The century was hoisted and soon afterwards Hobbs went forward to Noble, and was stumped by Carkeek for a brilliant innings of 56. (3—56—109.)

At the luncheon adjournment the score was 113 for three wickets, Wynyard being 36 and Hayes 4. On resuming Captain Wynyard was soon caught by Noble off Whitty's bowling having batted two hours 25 minutes for 36. (4—36—116.)

Hayes, who was playing vigorous cricket, was joined by Quaife but the latter had only made half-a-dozen when a catch by Armstrong, off Whitty's bowling brought about his dismissal. (5—6—143.)

Hayes and Smith made a good stand till the Surrey man obstructed a straight ball from O'Connor with his leg. (6—41—183.)

Tarrant followed, and another good stand added 42 runs to the total before Smith hit a ball from Hopkins into the hands of Armstrong. (7—39—225.)

Eighteen runs latter Tarrant was caught by Noble off Armstrong's bowling, his batting having been of the soundest description. (8—52—243.)

Buckenham played lively cricket, but soon lost Vogler, who was bowled by Whitty. (9—6—278.)

Barnes was the last man, and had made six runs when Buckenham was caught by Ransford off Armstrong's bowling. The innings closed for 296, or 25 in advance of the Australian total.

Whitty and O'Connor opened the Australians' second innings, but only one run had been scored when stumps were drawn.

The following are the scores:—

AUSTRALIA.

First Innings.

W Bardsley, not out	143
P McAlister, c Tarrant, b Hayes	35
R Hartigan, run out ...	0
V Ransford, c Hayes, b Barnes	5
W Armstrong, b Barnes	17
M A Noble, c Stedman, b Barnes	11
A J Hopkins, c Vogler, b Quaife	1
A Cotter, c Buckenham, b Quaife	15
J O'Connor, c S G Smith, b Quaife	2
W Carkeek, c Tarrant, b Barnes	5
W J Whitty, c Vogler, b Quaife	12
Sundries ...	25
Total ...	271

Bowling.—Buckenham, nil for 30; Barnes four for 87; Smith, nil for 27; Hayes, one for 22; Tarrant nil for 41; Quaife, four for 39.

Second Innings.

W J Whitty, not out...	1
J O'Connor, not out	0
Total for no wickets...	1

COCHRANE'S ELEVEN.

First Innings.

A Baker, b Cotter	0
E G Wynyard, c Noble, b Whitty	36
A Stedman, b O'Connor	7
J B Hobbs, st Carkeek, b Noble	56
E G Hayes, l b w, b O'Connor...	41
W G Quaife, c Armstrong, b Whitty	6
S G Smith, c Armstrong, b Hopkins	39
F A Tarrant, c Noble, b Armstrong	52
A E Vogler, b Whitty	6
C P Buckenham, c Ransford, b Armstrong	17
S F Barnes, not out	6
Sundries	30
Total ...	296

Bowling.—Cotter, one for 33; Armstrong, two for 24; O'Connor, two for 37; Hopkins, one for 1; Whitty, three for 100; Noble, one for 27.

[It will be noticed that the runs given in the bowling analysis only total 226.]

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL SPORTS.

THE second day of the St. Mary's College sports came off yesterday evening, when the attendance was pretty large, amongst those present being Mr. K. V. K. Leslie, Mr. Cary, Mr. P. M. Saunderson and Captain Carthought. The boys repeated the figure marching and gymnastic display of the previous day. The proceedings terminated with a tug-of-war.

The following are the results of some of the principal events:—

Half-mile for boys over sixteen: Wadia, 1, and Athayde 2: under sixteen, Barrow, 1, and Smith, 2.

Wheelbarrow race: seniors, Wadia, 1, and Abrahams, 2; juniors, Bocarro, 1, and J. Terry, 2.

Obstacle race: seniors, Wadia, 1, and Abrahams, 2; juniors: J Terry, 1, and Kenny, 2.

150 yards: seniors, Athayde, 1, and O'Shea, 2; juniors, Barron, 1, and J Terry, 2.

Sack race: Parry, 1, and Piears, 2.

100 yards: juniors, A. J Terry, 1, and Grant, 2.

High Jump: Ross, 1, and Mercado, 2.

In the tug-of-war, the "A" team beat the "B" team after two pulls.

In the evening the College band played a programme of music and the grounds were illuminated with fairy lamps. Many of the visitors stayed to the later entertainment.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, OCTOBER 5.

The rainfall has been local in Lower Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam, and the South Peninsula, and one or two showers are reported from Bombay, the Deccan and the Eastern Districts of Bengal. Moulmein had two inches; Kyaukpyu and Sibsagar, one and a half; Mymensingh, Burdwan, Purnea, Mangalore and Mercara, one; and Kodaikanal, two.

The trough of low pressure against the hills and the general pressure conditions are unfavourable for rain except in the South of the Peninsula, the North-East of India and Burma. The temperature and humidity are normal.

The forecast gives no important change as probable.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 5TH OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 5th October, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies continue clear. The air is generally drier than usual. Temperature is normal but is in excess in the extreme north during days and has risen and is now above normal at Sirsa during night.

The United Provinces.—Cloud has decreased in the east where skies are now only lightly clouded; they remain clear over the rest of the division. Humidity is generally below the average. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Light to moderate cloud has appeared over south Rajputana, but skies remain almost clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air has increased and is in excess in upper Sind and south Rajputana but elsewhere it is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal except for a defect during day and in excess during night at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Cloud has decreased and skies are generally lightly clouded. The air is drier at Surat, but it contains the usual amount of moisture in other places. Maximum remains in defect in Kathiawar: and Cutch minimum is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded almost everywhere. Humidity is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal but during night it has fallen and is in defect at Hoshangabad.

The Konkan.—Light or moderate cloud persists along the Konkan Coast. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general but light rain has fallen in the Bombay Deccan; Ahmednagar records 0'37" and Aurangabad 0'11" of rain. Skies continue moderately to heavily clouded. The average amount of moisture is present in the air. Day temperature is normal, night temperature is in excess at Malegaon and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the Bombay Deccan. On the Malabar Coast, Mangalore has had 0'92". Skies on the West Coast, the Bombay Deccan and also in the Peninsula remain moderately clouded. The barometer has fallen briskly in the extreme north and pressure continues relatively low in the north-east.

Light local rains is likely in the Bombay Deccan and in Malabar.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	1
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	1	1	22
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	14
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	8
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	19
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	6
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	15
Water Division	0	0	11
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	0
Total......	1	1	96
This day last year......	3	3	93

CONSTIPATION.

A RELIABLE AND LASTING CURE.

Constipation means that there is not a regular and sufficient action of the bowels. It is a very dangerous disorder because it prevents the body's waste from leaving the system and this waste soon turns to poison. This is how many fatal diseases begin; and it is always wise to keep a box of Doan's Dinner Pills handy, and to take a dose whenever a day passes without a motion of the bowels. Doan's Dinner Pills restore to the muscles of the bowels their natural power of discharging the decaying waste matter which would otherwise cause disease. They soften the mass of waste, and so prevent discomfort and pain in passing. This medicine is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, which tone up the whole digestive system, restoring a regular and natural action to the stomach, liver and bowels, and stimulating the flow of the digestive fluids, so that perfect digestion is assured.

"At the birth of my first child," says Mrs. Thorkildsen, of 13, Nile Row, Poole, England, "I had to go under chloroform, as I never seemed to have completely got over the effects of the anaesthetic, for I have suffered ever since from serious stomach troubles and constipation.

"Parts of my body always seemed numbed; there was no feeling whatever in my legs. For days and days I would have fearful headaches, and the cruel throbbing used to make me cry out. Sometimes it came over all dark before my eyes. When I went upstairs quickly my heart throbbed, and I perspired freely.

"I have suffered terribly from constipation, and more than once I have been costive for a whole fortnight. Only a few days ago I had an attack which left me almost dead.

"I am very pleased to tell you that Doan's Dinner Pills have relieved me wonderfully. They have restored a natural action to the bowels, and taken away that terrible numb feeling from the limbs. I cannot say enough for this splendid medicine."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

WHAT FRENCH WOMEN BUY.

From a London contemporary: "The French woman does her shopping with a little more deliberation than the English, but she does not take quite so long over her purchases, because she knows exactly what she wants. When she goes out to select a dress, not only does she have a fixed idea in her mind of the material and colour she wants, but the details of all the accessories have already been taken into account, and she knows the hat, the furs and the gloves she requires in addition."

ENGLISH THINGS WANTED.

"The French woman different from the American? Well, I should rather think she is!" and the manager of a West-end department laughed heartily. "We have many French women coming in here during the season, and this year has brought even more than usual. The things French women buy to take home to France? Why, everything that is English. When they come in to look at dress materials they smilingly put aside anything that suggests France or French taste. 'We can get that at home,' they say quietly, and ask for English goods. Real English tweed is very much in favour, but it must be the kind of tweed men use for their suits, though of colour and design a little more delicate. We keep a regular stock" (and he flung on the counter three or four bales of tweed in a variety of colourings) "because our French patrons must have a bit of colour, and they must have contrast. This season, more than ever, this demand for contrast has been made. Here, for example" (as he threw out a fold of a fine grey tweed flecked with white and green, and having a pale violet line through it), "that's what a large number of French ladies have selected. They like the fine and smoothly dressed material of pure wool, and the contrast will be repeated in several little toilet accessories. If what appears to be a coarse tweed is selected it must be only apparent." Here the speaker displayed a roll of tweed that had the appearance of frieze, but was in reality soft and easily draped. "Everything soft and pliable, dressed until it is almost like satin."

WOOLLEN GOODS.

"What do Frenchwomen buy?" "Why, woollens, all sorts of closely-woven English woollen goods. The golf jersey has sold well this season because now that it is well designed, cut a good length, and woven in a variety of colours it is a most useful garment. The French lady, however, buys white woollen jerseys; she is not much given to wearing colours for such purposes. Her taste is all for elegance, and she likes touches of white for daily wear. Woollen gloves, spencers, woollen shawls—for no lady wears a shawl as a little wrap more frequently or with greater success than the Frenchwoman. French ladies buy gloves in London? They do, and they choose the thick tans, the riding and driving gloves, all in tan shades, for there is an idea prevalent in France that it is quite English to wear these gloves for ordinary purposes."

A PRAYER 270 YEARS OLD.

Oh, that mine eyes might closed be
To what concerns me not to see;
That deafness might possess mine ear
To what concerns me not to hear;
That truth my tongue might always tie
From ever speaking foolishly;
That no vain thought might ever rest
Or be conceived in my breast;
That by each deed and word and thought
Glory may to my God be brought!
But what are wishes? Lord, mine eye
On Thee is fixed, to Thee I cry;
Wash, Lord, and purify my heart
And make it clean in every part,
And when 'tis clean, Lord, keep it, too,
For that is more than I can do.

—Thomas Elwood, A.D. 1639.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, 6th October.

659 STRENGTH.

The following members having rejoined is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to No 1 Company:—

No 295 Gr C A Flower.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted as follows:—

1248 Gr C H Miller — No 1 Coy
1252 Gr C J Chapman — No 1 Coy
1253 Gr W Evans — No 1 Coy
1249 Gr H T Binks — No 2 Coy
1251 Gr W W Stewart — No 2 Coy
1250 Gr W A Williamson No 4 Co Ahmedabad.
69 Gr Sapper W G Mackay E E Coy,

E. P. CUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR T. A. SAVAGE, V. D.

Bombay, 6th October.

356.—Detail for the week ending 9th instant.

To-day Wednesday 6th instant—For Recruits of "G" Coy. at the Gymkhana at 7-30 a m.

Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.

Thursday 7th instant.—"A" Coy. Parade at the Town Custom House at 5-30 p. m.

Dress.—Drill Order, Mufti.

Friday 8th instant—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p. m.

357.—Parade—There will be no Parade for "D" Company to-day Wednesday 6th instant.

358.—Issue of Arms.—Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to Members of the Corps at Headquarters between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p. m. daily except Sundays.

Members are requested to draw their Arms and Accoutrements at once.

359.—The New Forage Caps are ready for issue. Members are requested to draw them at once and to return their old caps at the time of issue.

360.—Musketry—Saturday 9th inst.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for class firing.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-5 a.m.

Members wishing to go for Class Firing on Saturday should send intimation to Headquarters by 4 p.m. on Friday.

Sunday 10th instant.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-45 a.m.

361.—A meeting of Officers and N. C. Officers will be held at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m. on Thursday next, the 7th instant. All are particularly requested to attend.

362.—Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No 5701 Sergt J G Lushington, "D" Coy from 1st October 1909 to 31st March 1910.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 5.

Tuesday evening.—3 1-2 per cent. Government paper is at Rs. 94-7.

Shares—Coal.—Bengal-Nagpur (Pref.) at Rs. 101; Kosoonda and Nyadee, at Rs. 28 1-4; Raneegunge, at Rs. 15 1-2.

Jute—Belvedere (Ord.), at Rs. 114 1-2; Budge Budge (Pref), at Rs. 116; Northbrooke (Ord.), at Rs. 11 3-4; Debentures 6 per cent. Titaghur Paper Mills at Rs. 100 1-2.

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Conditions we so often find in, and so often are we unable to find a cause. We grow tired over ordinarily easy work, old before our time, listless and lifeless and without energy or ambition. Appetite grows poor sleepless nights are passed no desire for work or pleasure. Then troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, in fact, the entire system is undermined and overcome. Such an array of system is appalling—but liability of same is certainty. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious and do deadly work with little warning. At the first sign of the smallest symptom of nerve disorder get in touch with that King of all remedies.—

Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

FREE.—In order to prove the abovementioned effects a trial bottle lasting for two days will be forwarded post paid to any person sending two annas postage stamps. Read these evidences.

J. R. Gaikwad, Mamlatdar of Sakri, writes that "Please send two bottles of Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls by V. P. P. as soon as possible. They give good effects."

Mr. J. C. Britto from Ponda, writes that—"Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills, or the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two bottles of it."

M. N. Venkataramier, Pleader from Kulitala, writes that I feel some good effect from Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls. Kindly send one more bottle of it, per V. P. P."

Santokhsingh, B.A., Law Professor, Police Training College, Moradabad, writes: "I have tried two bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and have found them very useful. Please send two more bottles of it, per V. P. P."

Please write clearly.

Price, Rs. 2 per bottle of 40 Pills.
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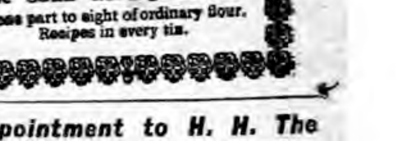

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Destroying its victim is a type of Rheumatism To be overpowered by this terrible disease, crippled helpless, bed-ridden, is to-day the fate of hundreds of sufferers. For but few diseases are so many remedies recommended as for Rheumatism, but among them none is so efficient as Little's Oriental Balm. It has proved its wonderful curative power in thousand of hopeless cases. Cures by this remedy have been recorded in cases of more than 10 years' standing. Don't waste time, money, and health on useless drug store salves, ointments, pills, and other failures, but go to your nearest Chemist and purchase a bottle of this wonderful remedy and let the result speak for itself. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

BY THE WAY.

LORD TWEEDMOUTH'S MOTHER.

Hardly any reference (writes a correspondent) has been made in the memoirs of Lord Tweedmouth to his remarkable mother. The Dowager Lady Tweedmouth was a daughter of the Right Hon. Sir James Weir Hogg, Bart. She was a woman of keen intellectual powers and fine broad sympathies. She lived in her widowhood at Bath, and her hospitable home was open to many preachers, politicians, and philanthropists who visited the city. The Dowager Lady Tweedmouth's interest in politics was sustained to the last. After Lord Tweedmouth had lost his wife, in 1904, his aged mother came to London to make a happier home for her son, and she lived in the West End till her death in 1908.

SCIENTIFIC STUDY AT HIGH ALTITUDES

The observatory on the summit of Monte Rosa, which its Royal foundress, Queen Marguerita, has just had connected by telephone with Milan and Rome, is the newest and most elevated of the many observatories which of late years have been built among the Alps. Situated on the Gnifetti peak, 4,560 metres above sea-level, it is magnificently equipped for the study of botany, bacteriology, zoology, physiology, meteorology, and terrestrial physics; and supplementary laboratory 1,500 metres lower permits the investigators to carry on their work when weather conditions are unfavourable at the main building.

LORD O'HAGAN AND HIS LABOURERS.

Lord O'Hagan, who is building an art gallery at Pyrgo Park for his rich collection of pictures and statuary, does not forget the needs of his poorer neighbours. He has recently solved the local housing problem by erecting some admirable cottages, with large gardens, for his labourers. The provision of a good garden, which adds greatly to the resources of a farm labourer, and cost very little at the average price of agricultural land, is too often overlooked by rural reformers. These model cottages erected by Lord O'Hagan stand beside the road leading from Stapleford Abbots to Navestock, where the prosaic historian, Bishop Stubbs, when a young rector, made a romantic marriage, and had for his eccentric pupil Algernon Swinburne.

RUSKIN'S IRONICAL PARADOXES.

Mr. E. T. Cook, one of the editors of Ruskin's "Life and Letters," tells in the October "Pall Mall Magazine" of hearing of a disciple who, pondering in his heart the master's diatribes against railways, came to the conclusion that even to send letters by the post was to parley with the Evil One. "He spent the evening of a blameless life in delivering his own letters on foot, to his friends, and at last he reached Brantwood. The master received him with smiling courtesy, but gave him clearly to understand that the more excellent way was to 'pray indeed for the destruction of railways, but meanwhile to use them.'" The disciple departed a sadder but not, Mr. Cook fears, a wiser man. His comment was that it was "a melancholy disillusion to find that Mr. Ruskin himself was not a Ruskinian." "No," adds Mr. Cook, "because he was a Platonist."

THE GRASS OF PARNASSUS.

In Canon Vaughan's book "Lighter Studies of a Country Parson," there is, an interesting reference to the grass of Parnassus, which John Stuart Mill found in the New Forest, but which has never been seen by anyone else there since. A correspondent of the "Methodist Times" tells of having found the graceful plant three years ago at Buxton, growing in profusion on the hill where the monument, the so-called Solomon's Temple, stands. This year he has been spending his holiday at Filey, and was delighted to find it there in equal abundance. Lovers of this beautiful flower may find it by walking along the cliffs from Filey past the golf links towards Primrose Valley. In one of the indentations in this part of the cliffs hundreds of the plants were in bloom a few weeks ago.

THE PREACHER AND THE GARROTTER.

The Rev. Arthur Mursell, the well-known Baptist minister, who is now retiring after a period of active service extending well over half a century, tells in the "Sunday School Chronicle" of an encounter he had with a thief in Manchester. He was going on one occasion to visit a "den of thieves" when he was seized by the throat and garrotted. Indeed, he would have been effectually strangled had not a woman in a house near by shrieked out to his assailant, "Let go of him—it's Mr. Mursell!" When the man realised what he had done he went down upon his knees at Mr. Mursell's side and begged him to forgive him. He would sooner have died for Mr. Mursell, he said than hurt him.

THE FIRST LABOUR M.P.

The Right Hon. Thomas Burt, M.P., the first Labour representative elected to the House of Commons, has given an interesting interview to the "Christian Commonwealth," which includes some delightful reminiscences. When asked what led him to become a trade unionist, Mr. Burt answered, "I was born a trade unionist," and added the picturesque statement, "I used to amuse my father because, instead of inquiring about a man's moral character, I always asked, 'Is he a good trade unionist?'"

THE BOOKS HE READ.

It is always interesting to know what books have influenced leaders of men. Mr. Burt says he was quite fifteen or sixteen years of age before he took to reading, "but then study became almost a passion to me. I spent every spare moment I could snatch in devouring the contents of books and papers." The first book he bought out of his own wages was Cowper's Poems. He walked to Newcastle, nine or ten miles each way, so as to be able to spend his whole little surplus money on the book. Channing's works and Gibbon's "Roman Empire" were among other books that influenced the future M. P., and he speaks of the great help which the cheap educational books published by Cassell and Chambers were to him.

A MISTRESS OF WOODCRAFT.

A trail has lately been blazed for the first time through the primeval forest between Mount Field and Mount Willey, in the White Mountains of New Hampshire. An important link has thus been added to the chain of exploration carried out by the Appalachian Club. The successful performer of this feat is Mrs. J. A. Cruikshank, of New York, who is being highly complimented on her courage, skill, and endurance. Mrs. Cruikshank has adopted throughout the orthodox "language of the blaze." A single mark on a tree denotes simply "Follow the blaze." Two blazes side by side are a call to "Attention!" and indicate something important in the trail, probably a sharp turn. If accompanied by a cross underneath, they report a neighbouring spring. Three blazes mean a sharp change, such as an acute angle or a place where special caution is necessary.

BY MOTOR TO THE SOUTH POLE.

The physical conditions existing in the immediate vicinity of the South Pole, as described by Lieutenant Shackleton, have no doubt determined Captain Scott's decision to take with him on next year's expedition specially designed motor-sledges. Lieutenant Shackleton had with him a motor-car which was unable to negotiate the soft snow on the ice; but this should prove no obstacle to a motor-seldge; and as the Pole itself is apparently situated in the midst of an almost level continental plateau, mechanically propelled sledges promise an ideal form of locomotion by which to reach the southern loadstone. The Charcot party, by the way, which went south last year, has with it two or three motor-seldges specially built by the Marquis de Dion, and these were severely tested in the Alps before the expedition left Havre.

HOW BLACKFRIARS BRIDGE WAS NAMED.

Originally the Dominicans, who gave their name to Blackfriars Bridge, recently reopened, were located in Holborn, near Lincoln's Inn Fields. They were transplanted about 1276 to the riverside south of Ludgate-hill by Hubert, Earl of Kent. There at first they imperfectly appreciated the perfume of the vanished river Fleet, which ran past their new convent. In 1290 the White Friars protested that the stench from the river Fleet overpowered the odour of their incense, and the Black Friars from their corner of the City wall joined in the complaint. King Edward I. and good Queen Eleanor heaped many gifts on these sable monks.

HAIR FELL OUT IN A DOZEN SPOTS

In Spite of All Kinds of Remedies—Quickly, Completely and Economically Cured and New Hair Grown—Cure Has Lasted Ten Years.

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"My hair commenced falling off until I had about a dozen bare spots on my head at one time. I tried all kinds of remedies without success. Seeing Cuticura advertised, I thought I would give it a trial. After trying two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Resolvent and following the directions strictly, in a very short time my hair began to grow and the bald spots disappeared. They have not returned up to the present time, which is about ten years since, so I can safely say that it is a very good cure. William R. Berry, 1, Love Lane Terrace, Pontefract, Yorkshire, England, March 8, 1908."

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Are Assured of the Absolute Purity of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment

And of their unfailing efficacy in preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and in preventing infantile humours becoming chronic. Warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring milk-crusts, scalled head, eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, inflammations and chafings of infants and children, and afford rest and comfort to worried, worn-out parents, when all else fails. May be used from the hour of birth.

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The address which last year Signor Gerolamo Weiss delivered at Milan, and which he has now published under the title "Elogio dei Libri," has many points of interest for the general reader. One is that it rather more than confirms an opinion generally prevalent of the unsatisfactoriness of the state of literature in Italy. The average of worth, it seems, is low, and although the number of books published is smaller than in any other great European nation, yet the supply exceeds the demand. There is no considerable reading public, and the taste of the ordinary reader is not such as to encourage good writing. Closely connected with this is the fact that there are so few professional writers. There are journalists and professors who, in addition to following their avocations, write books; but the number of those who write books and live by the books they write might, Weiss assures us, be counted on the fingers. In the popular mind they do not exist. If a person writes and publishes he must be a "professor." Thus Weiss tells us that once, when he was holidaying in Berlin, a fellow-countryman approached him in a cafe. He was one of those Italians who in every land "symbolise Italy's poverty and her love of art." In other words, he was an itinerant vendor, and carried a tray of stucco figures. Now, in order to sound him, Weiss pointed to busts of Schiller and Goethe, and asked to be informed who they were. "Why," said the vendor with the smile of superior knowledge, "they are two professors—two professors of poetry."

INCOMPETENT REVIEWERS.

On the subject of the criticism of his day Weiss is equally unflattering, and to illustrate its incompetency he relates an anecdote which, as he himself says, if it were not an actual experience would not be worth repeating. A young man put forth a book and anxiously awaited the verdict of criticism. There were two verdicts, equally balanced. One was that, although the matter was lacking in originality and depth, the style was good, and the other that although the matter was fresh and good, the style was mere naught. Such inconsistencies may happen in any country, but we take Signor Weiss to mean that in Italy there are not, as in England, some half-dozen or so journals to which one may turn with the certainty of finding sincere, competent, and as far as mortal frailty will allow, sound opinions expressed. Those opinions are written by men whose heads are not turned by any gust of popular enthusiasm, and who do not regard their reviews as mere auxiliaries to the publishers' advertisements. This Swiss Guard of criticism does us the further service of checking artificial vogues. With us also, no doubt, there are books which, predicted before their birth to be masterpieces and on their appearance greeted with fanfares of trumpets, are puffed into a brief celebrity, then fall plumb-down into oblivion; but, with us, more significant is the case of those authors who have a vogue if not in spite of, at least not because of, the critics. The critics smile at them. but among their own public they are read and extolled. The fact argues a body of mentally active readers not yet amenable to criticism, and argues further a body of criticism in advance of a section of public opinion.

YANKEE SENSITIVENESS.

An amusing instance of the "hair-trigger sensitiveness" of some Americans on the subject of their country is furnished by an article in this month's New York "Bookman." It is Kipling who is the victim, and although his offence must be some twenty years old, the writer is as angry over it as if it were of last week. Kipling. in his early tall style, had criticised the Republic's defences. The fleet of China could blow that of America "into the blue"; such a vessel as H.M.S. Colling-wood could wipe out all the towns between San Francisco and Long Branch, while three ironclads would account for New York, Bartholdi's statue and all. It is just such talk as makes John Bull, when he finds it has dropped from the lips of a French admiral, smile upon his newspaper, But the writer of the article is hot over it, and recalls Cleveland's "thunderbolt Message," the victories over the Spanish, and our difficulties in South Africa. It is these things, he suggests, that have changed Kipling's opinion of Englishmen, so that to-day we find him ascribing to them some of the qualities of the Bandar-log. At any rate, he declares that Rudyard Kipling, "the laureate of empire, master of imagination," is gone, and we have instead one Joseph R, Kipling. middleclass Englishman, "who is afraid." Mr. Kipling's utterances, one reflects, must be taken much more seriously among our cousins than at home.

RE-ISSUE OF JOHNSON'S POEMS.

Kearsley's edition of 1785 is apparently not the only separate edition of Johnson's poems. There is at least one other—that of Whittingham, in 1805. The re-issue promised by Mr. Lane will, however, be a most suitable bicentenary memento, and will be welcome to all who do not wish to read "London" and "The Vanity of Human Wishes" bound up with the work of Parnell Smollett, or Akenside, Johnson's poetry has had warm admirers Scott wrote that "the deep and pethetic morality of 'The Vanity of Human Wishes' has often extracted tears from those whose eyes wandered dry over pages professedly sentimental." That such was his own experience may be judged by the confidence he made to Balliantyne—"that he had more pleasure in reading 'London' and 'The Vanity of Human Wishes' than any other poetical composition he could mention." Byron's appreciation of the latter poem is also well known. He pronounces "all the examples and mode of giving them sublime, as well as the latter part, with the exception of an occasional couplet." Byron's praise is explieable, because he thought Pope "the best of poets," and if Scott's tears surprise us as much as those of Burns over Langhorn's lines, we must remember that, although himself a great Romantic, he was brought up during the reign of the Augustan manner in poetry. A reader who has lived in the poetic atmosphere created by, say, Swinburne and Morris finds it hard to admit eighteenth-century verse to be poetry at all. It is rhymed rhetoric, and in Johnson's case rhetoric in the dialect and technique of Pope without Pope's fastidious grace. Airy lightness is not Johnson's quality. He gets nearest it in the epigram on Warton's poems beginning "Wheresoe'er I turn my view." His work is eminently quotable, however. Everyone knows the lines about "Panting time," "Slow rises worth," and "Toil, envy, want, the patron and the gaol." Everyone knows the following couplets, too, although few would ascribe them to Johnson, and fewer still could offhand locate them in his works:—

"From Marlborough's eyes the streams of dotage flow,
And Swift expires a driveller and a show."
"The drama's laws the drama's patrons give,
For we that live to please, must please to live."
"He left a name at which the world grew pale,
To point a moral or adorn a tale."

GRAY'S "LETTERS."

One scans in vain the advertising list of Messrs. G. Bell and Sons for an intimation of the impending publication of the third and concluding volume of Mr. Tovey's edition of Gray's "Letters." It has been "a long wait" between volumes. The first appeared in 1900, the second in 1904. so that the remaining volume may be said to be a year overdue. No doubt that means that extra work is being put into it which will make the instalment well worth having waited for and one must not hasten what promises to be the best edition of a classic. Nevertheless a reader grows impatient to have his set complete, and so to have upon his shelves a work which not only gives a definitive text but is enriched with footnotes and supplementary matter which make it worth dipping into at desultory moments.

THE Thames lightermen's dispute is, it was decided at a conference of masters and men held at Gwydyr House, Whitehall, to be referred to a legal arbitrator, who is to be nominated by the Board of Trade.

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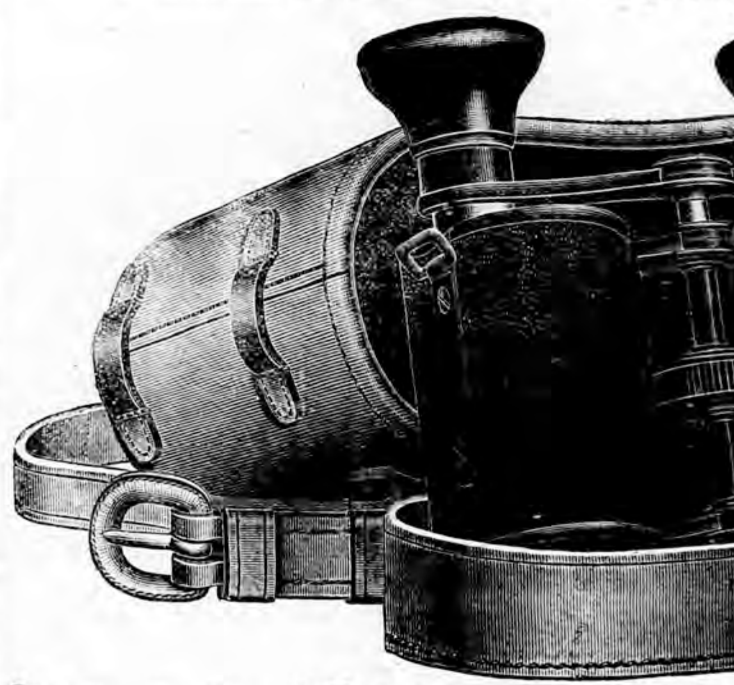

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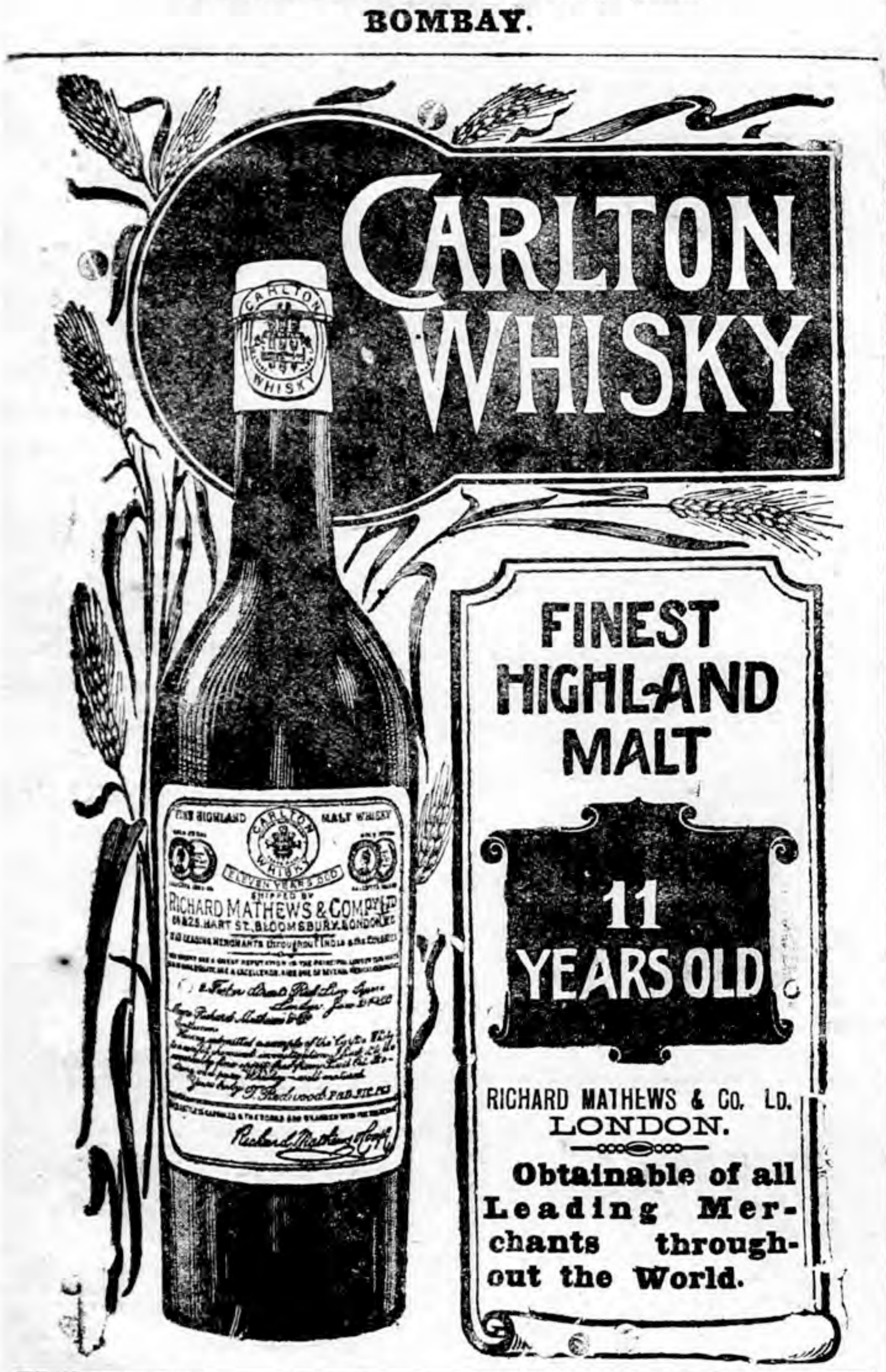

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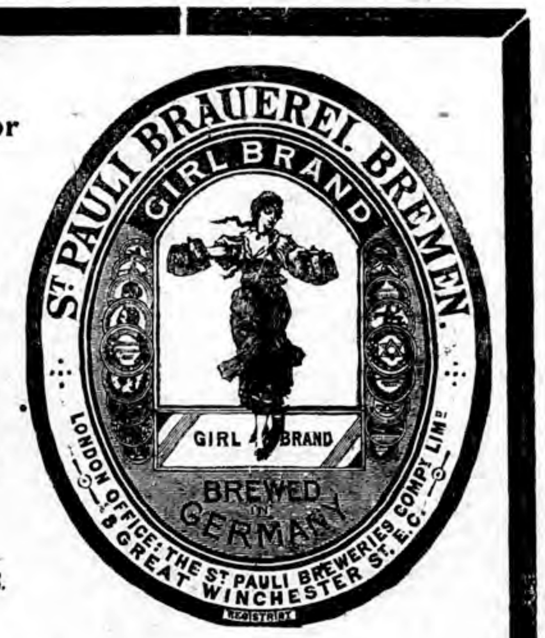

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